

The Wetaskiwin Times

VOL. XXIII, No. 5

WETASKIWIN, ALBERTA, THURSDAY APRIL 19, 1923

V. C. French, Publisher

HOSPITAL BOARD GOES INTO COST ACCOUNTING

Chairman Submits Detailed Cost Sheet of Working Expenses. Board adopts Form of Agreement regarding Donation of Furnishings. Hobbema Patients to be Treated at Wetaskiwin. Steam Laundry to get Work for Month of May.

The regular meeting of the Hospital Board was held on Wednesday evening of last week with the following members present:

Chairman, C. Smith, Mrs. A. Rodell, Messrs. H. J. Montgomery, L. E. Newville, John Berry, G. L. Gotsch, E. E. Chandler, B. M. Parker and Dr. N. A. Johnson.

The chairman opened the meeting with an address on the general work of the hospital for the preceding month, mentioning that the month of March, after deducting the operating expenses would leave a deficit of \$36.64 on the month.

The new form of agreement, as drafted by the City Solicitor, regarding the furnishings donated by the several organizations, was read and approved.

Deputy Maclean, of the Indian Department at Ottawa, wrote that his department would from now on divert the patients from Hobbema to the Wetaskiwin hospital, and the hospital board took up the matter of the fees that would be charged the department at Ottawa.

Miss Moore as Hospital Matron submitted her report for the month of March, giving the total number of patients, hospital days as 335. The fees collected by her amounted to \$446.55, while the amount uncollected was \$446.25.

Chairman Smith submitted a detailed cost sheet of the working expenses prepared by Miss Moore, the matron, showing the cost of running the hospital as follows:

Rent, \$100.00; Fuel, \$110; Drugs, \$23.03; Laundry, \$60; Salaries, \$303; Light and Water, Phones and Sundries, \$89.33; Provisions, Food Supplies, etc. \$218.68.

Total expenditure for March, \$923.44.

Total receipts, \$446.55.

Deficit, \$36.64.

Mr. Parker, as member of the visiting committee for the month reported several sundry improvements that might be made.

The committee who had the arranging of the hospital dance held recently reported the donation of the surplus amounting to \$103.00.

The sum of \$169.75 of uncollectable accounts was ordered written off as also \$82.90 of balances over Workmen's Compensation Board payments. The sum of \$154.50 was charged to the city for indigent cases and cases where hospital bills would have to be charged up against property as taxes.

Instructions were given the secretary to notify Wm. East of the Wetaskiwin Steam Laundry that the work would be offered to him for the month of May.

The hospital board decided to hold a special meeting on Wednesday the 18th inst., to consider amending the existing city bylaw, forming the constitution of the board. It was also decided to hold a card party in aid of the funds on Monday the 23rd inst. Mr. Smith, the chairman, having kindly offered the use of his banquet room free of charge.

Monthly accounts submitted and passed for payment amounted to \$600.90.

Mrs. Rodell and Mr. E. E. Chandler were appointed members of the visiting committee for April.

Credit is due the chairman for the

Royal Assent Was Given To Eighteen Acts During Thursday House Session

For the first time in the history of the province, royal assent was given to acts passed by the legislature by other than the Lieutenant Governor, when the Hon. Mr. Justice Stuart, as administrator of the province, in the absence of Lieutenant Governor Brett, gave assent to eighteen acts, twelve of which are amending acts only.

Assent was given to the following bills: Acts amending the Drainage Districts act; Edmonton Charter; Clerk of Courts act; Wetaskiwin Charter; Extra-Judicial Services act; Mental Defectives act; Educational Tax act; Border Areas act; Domestic Animals in Municipalities act; Mothers' Allowance act, Agricultural Departments act, and Bill of sale act.

1923 CAR LICENSES; "AU TO" GET YOURS

The general use of motor cars will be general from now on and everyone operating cars is reminded that it is necessary to have a 1923 license plate on both front and rear of car, and when putting these plates on to have them securely fastened in the proper place to comply with the Motor Vehicle act.

In the operation of cars on the streets, the following rules should be observed:—Keep to the right side of the street at all times. Do not turn between intersections but go to the corner and across centre of intersecting street to turn. See that your lights, both front and rear, are in proper working order. See that your brakes are in good order. Park your car properly before leaving it on the street. Drive slowly near schools. Speed must not be over ten miles per hour when turning from one street to another. Drive your car with due regard to traffic conditions.

As no more personal warnings will be given to drivers from now on in regard to getting license plates on for any other infractions of the Motor Vehicle act, everyone is advised to secure a copy of the act for Alberta and become thoroughly familiar with the regulations governing the driving and operation of motor vehicles. Copies of the act can be obtained by writing the department of the provincial secretary, government buildings, Edmonton.

IMPORTANT RESOLUTION PASSED BY DAYSLAND FARMERS

A meeting of farmers and business men of the Daysland district was held last week at Daysland, when members of eight local U.P.A.'s were present. The primary object of the meeting was to support the action taken by M.A.R. Bolvin, M.L.A., Manitoba, to bring about an international union of wheat growers, and calling upon the Canadian and U.S. governments to pass a bill to fix a minimum price on wheat to cover the cost of production, with the result that a resolution was passed.

W. M. DAVIDSON LOSES HIS FIGHT TO GET THE INDEMNITIES CUT DURING THE PRESENT SESSION

There will be no reduction in the amount of sessional indemnities this year. W. Davidson, Independent, Calgary, lost his fight in the legislature at Wednesday afternoon's session to get the indemnity cut from \$2,000 to \$1,500.

Mr. Davidson moved for second reading of his act to amend the legislative assembly act, but was opposed by P. M. Christophers, Labor, Rocky Mountain, on the grounds that the bill was out of order, as it dealt with a question already discussed in the estimates. Mr. Davidson argued against the objection. He pointed out that there was a bill before the house to amend the school grants act, and if Mr. Christophers' argument held, this bill was also out of order, since the vote for school grants had already been dealt with in the estimates. He did not think that the point of order was well taken.

Mr. Speaker stated that another debate was not in order on a matter already decided, and pointed out that the estimates came before the house as a house, and not as a committee alone. The item had been dealt with and passed by the house, so that action had actually been taken on this particular item. The item having been passed, no one could, in his opinion, assume responsibility for altering the amount voted in the estimates for sessional indemnity. The question of the indemnity could have been brought up in committee. Mr. Speaker ruled the debate was not in order on the present question.

Mr. Speaker added that rules were intended for the protection of all parties in the house and for opening discussion in the house. He could not, therefore, allow discussion and must rule the bill out of order.

OBITUARY

SAMUEL A. WEAVER
The death of Samuel A. Weaver, a storekeeper at Pandyr, west of Wetaskiwin, occurred at the Holy Cross hospital, Calgary, on April 7. His sudden death will be a great shock to his many friends in Calgary. The interment was in the Union cemetery at Calgary.

MRS. HENRY SHAW
Death claimed a much loved wife and mother on April 14, in the person of Mrs. Henry Shaw. Mrs. Shaw, whose maiden name was Miss Anna Maria Paggett, was born in York, Ontario, (now Toronto) in 1845. The greater part of her life was spent in Mulver, Ontario, and Toronto, Ontario, from which city the family moved to Winnipeg in September, 1909, in the neighborhood of which city Mr. Shaw farmed for about ten years, coming to Wetaskiwin about three years ago.

For the past twenty years she had been in poor health, suffering greatly from heart trouble. Her neighbors and friends loved her for her kind and beautiful spirit, and her family hold her memory sacred as one of love and self sacrifice. The deceased is survived by her husband, three daughters, Margaret, of Winnipeg, Mrs. J. Vickers and Mrs. W. J. Baldry, both of Wetaskiwin, also three sons, Harry, of Calgary, James of Regina, and Robert, of Wetaskiwin.

A short service was conducted at the residence on Beatrice street, by Rev. W. H. Irwin, after which the cortege proceeded to Wetaskiwin cemetery, where the remains were laid to rest.

Six members of the Loyal Orange Lodge of Wetaskiwin acted as pall bearers. A large number of that order for over thirty years. The floral tributes from friends, the L.O.L. Ladies' Aid of the Methodist church, and members of the family were numerous and beautiful.

TENNIS CLUB REORGANIZED

The Wetaskiwin Tennis club held a reorganization meeting on Thursday evening last. The following officers were elected for the season:

President—E. C. Grant.
Vice Pres.—Mrs. C. B. McFarlane.
Secy.—Mrs. B. Robinson.
Executive—Murray Gardiner, Fred Rubbra, Cecil Richards.

It was proposed to put the three courts into shape for playing this season. All those wishing to join the club are requested to hand in \$1.00 names to the secy. as soon as possible.

The club will hold a dance in the Blue Lantern, on Friday, May 4th, which everyone is cordially invited to attend.

porting the movement was passed unanimously.

Because of the great transpiration of moisture from a growing cover crop in an orchard in the spring, it is of importance, where the soil is liable to get too dry, to plow under the cover crop early in spring rather than to wait until there is a large crop of green material to plow under, as by that time much of the precious soil water supply will have gone into the air. Plan then to begin cultivation as soon as it is possible to get on the land.

A good representation of Scouts and Guides from this district went to Edmonton on Saturday last to attend the review by Chief Scout, Baden Powell.

Ratepayers Instruct Local Member to Vote For Lower Indemnity

A meeting of ratepayers of Division 4 of the Municipality of Montgomery, called by Reeve Craig on Monday evening last, passed a resolution unanimously instructing E. E. Sparks, M.L.A. for Wetaskiwin constituency, to vote for the Davidson bill, reducing the sessional indemnity from \$2,000.00 to \$1,500.00.

The following evening at a well attended meeting held in the Lucas school, representing two townships, a similar resolution was passed unanimously.

Both resolutions were ordered to be forwarded to Mr. Sparks by the secretaries.

CITIZENS' BAND REORGANIZED

The Wetaskiwin Citizen's Band is again on its feet. A meeting for reorganization was held in the Angus Theatre last Thursday night, and the general drift of conversation there denotes that the boys, after a winter of inactivity, are in the frame of mind known as "rarin' to go."

Leo Dunphy was appointed manager, and immediately took hold of affairs with a firm hand, declaring for a policy of efficiency in band management which may involve a weeding out process as well as a reclassification of players according to their ability rather than their preferences.

Byron Hanson was unanimously elected secretary treasurer. Byron's enthusiasm in band work being well known. The band is hopeful of again securing P. Walravens' services as leader.

The question of bringing in a song contest was fully discussed. This is absolutely necessary to an efficient organization. During the past two years the band has had to bear the brunt of the song contest work in addition to directing the playing. One or two prospects have been located, and steps are being taken to secure employment here for whichever man is secured.

A system of fines for absences and late arrivals at practice will probably be put into effect, in the interests of efficient work in the band.

The first practice will be held tonight (Thursday) in Angus Theatre.

THE REAL VALUE OF SPRING CULTIVATION

It has been found by experience that the cultivation of the surface soil early in the spring is a very desirable practice. Not only does it destroy many of the harder weeds and grasses which begin growth early, but it gives the air freer access into the soil, warming it up much more rapidly than if it were left compact, and thus favoring early growth of the plant, whether it be a fruit tree, bush fruit, or herbaceous perennial.

By cultivating the soil early in the spring, also, moisture will be conserved, and later in the season the moisture saved in this way will make a great difference in the value of the crop. Moreover, the loosening of the soil early in the spring makes it possible for rain to sink rapidly into the ground and so prevent much evaporation of it which otherwise might take place. By cultivating very early and then cultivating again after spring rains conditions should be favorable for growth. Sometimes just at blossoming time, or as the fruit is setting, there is a very dry period. If there is a good supply of moisture in the soil and the surface is loosened by cultivation the chances of a good set of fruit will be much greater or if the conditions were just the reverse.

Because of the great transpiration of moisture from a growing cover crop in an orchard in the spring, it is of importance, where the soil is liable to get too dry, to plow under the cover crop early in spring rather than to wait until there is a large crop of green material to plow under, as by that time much of the precious soil water supply will have gone into the air. Plan then to begin cultivation as soon as it is possible to get on the land.

A good representation of Scouts and Guides from this district went to Edmonton on Saturday last to attend the review by Chief Scout, Baden Powell.

NO SEED GRAIN RELIEF IN M.D. OF MONTGOMERY

Council Almost Unanimous in Opposing Seed Grain Credits. Payments to Beneficiary of Mothers' Allowance act cut down. Offer to pay Assessed Valuation for Land Taken for Road Diversion. Discussion on Road Building.

A meeting of the council of the Municipal District of Montgomery, No. 48, was called by the Reeve to consider the matter of the Municipality furnishing seed grain to farmers.

The Reeve called the meeting to order and it was decided to make it the regular meeting, which would have been on the following Saturday.

The minutes of the meeting of March 6, was read and adopted on motion of Coun. Bussard.

The committee appointed to investigate the circumstances of Mrs. Ward reported that Mrs. Ward had agreed to accept half that she is now receiving for the next six months.

Coun. Bussard moved that we recommend that Mrs. Ward be allowed \$20.00 per month under the Mothers' Allowance act, for the next six months, \$10.00 to be paid by the Municipality and \$10.00 to be paid by the provincial government.

The seed grain relief then came up for discussion. There was quite a good representation of the district present—a number of farmers spoke on the question, some favoring and others opposing the relief.

Coun. Bussard moved "That we do not supply seed grain for the coming season."

Coun. Freeman moved in amendment "That the Municipality make arrangements to furnish credit to those that need seed grain."

The amendment being put to a vote was lost. The result of the vote was as follows:

For—Coun. Freeman.

Against—Reeve Craig, Coun. Bussard, Johnson, Jevne, Newville.

The motion was then put to the vote, and was carried, the vote being:

For—Reeve Craig, Coun. Bussard, Johnson, Jevne, Newville.

Against—Coun. Freeman.

Mr. Dowling, of the Adams Road Machinery Co., came before the council and demonstrated the Learning wheel loader, after which quite a discussion on road building took place.

The matter of payment for land taken for road diversion from Thru Just, was again discussed and Coun. Freeman moved that Mr. Jevne offer Mr. Just the amount of the assessed valuation of the land. Carried.

There being no other business to come before the council, Coun. Freeman moved the adjournment.

DORTCH HANGED AT LETHBRIDGE

Lethbridge, April 12.—With the words "One step to heaven," Otis Dortch passed to his doom on the scaffold without flinching promptly at six o'clock yesterday morning. There was no hitch in the execution and everything passed off smoothly and expeditiously. The condemned man was highly strung religiously and intently was resigned to his fate. During his stay in the condemned cell he listened attentively to the ministrations of Rev. J. Phillips Jones, of Knox church, who visited him. The jury called to testify to the death of the condemned man returned the usual verdict and his death was attested by the sheriff and the medical officer.

The hanging of Dortch makes the fifth hanging in the province, the last to pay the penalty being the banished Bassoff, who shot and killed Constable Bisher of the provincial police and Constable Usher of the R.C.M.P., at Bellevue, in the Crown Past.

SHOWER

A shower was held at the home of Mrs. E. Barnett, on Wednesday of last week, April 11th, in honor of Miss Florence Macfarlane, whose marriage taken place at Immanuel church on Saturday next, April 21, at 11 a.m.

Card of Thanks

Mr. Shaw and family wish to thank the many kind friends for their expressions of sympathy and kindness in their recent and bereavement. To those friends who so kindly assisted with their care, their thanks are especially due.

E. Fietz left for Washington on Monday last where he expects to make his future home.

CURLER'S DANCE

The Ladies' Curling Club are holding a special meeting on Wednesday the 18th inst., to consider amending the existing city bylaw, forming the constitution of the board. It was also decided to hold a card party in aid of the funds on Monday the 23rd inst. Mr. Smith, the chairman, having kindly offered the use of his banquet room free of charge.

Monthly accounts submitted and passed for payment amounted to \$600.90.

Mrs. Rodell and Mr. E. E. Chandler were appointed members of the visiting committee for April.

Credit is due the chairman for the

Replies to advertisements

Replies to advertisements address to Box "D", Box "B", and Box "C", are waiting advertisers at The Times office.

E.H.L. THOMAS

NEW STOCK
OF IMPLEMENTS
ARRIVING

Complete Stock of
Cockshutt
John Deere
and Emerson
Farm Implements
De Laval Cream
Separators
Also Agents for
Canada Fairbanks Morse
Advance-Rumely
and
Waterloo Boy
Tractors

PHONE 21

OUR LUMBER
PRICES

Are low when Quality
is considered
We invite you to inspect
our stock
Then Get Our Prices—
Mountain Spruce and
B.C. Lumber
Cedar and Tamarac
Fence Posts
Egg and Lump Coal

Revelstoke Sawmill
Company, Ltd.
Phone 57

MOORE'S
Undertaking Parlors

ELI MOORE FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER
PHONE DAY OR NIGHT 281

ROOMS: ODDFELLOWS BLDG.
McDonald Street

COAL

and
CARTAGE

LEE G. KELLEY
PHONE 22

FOR THAT FARM SALE

GET
MITCHELL
THE
AUCTIONEER
Millet Phone 15

A. HOLTBY
WETASKIWIN

Painter and
Paperhanger

Estimates Given Work Guaranteed
Prices Right

JAS. SMART

City Scavenger

Phone 163 for prompt
and satisfactory service

VETERAN
MEAT MARKET

For Best Qualities of
FRESH AND SALT MEATS
PORK SAUSAGE
SMOKED SAUSAGE
FISH
POULTRY, ETC.
Prices are Rock Bottom.
A trial order cordially solicited

W. R. SHEARING PROPRIETOR
Phone 143

NOTICE!

Phone to
ZACK'S
SECOND HAND
FURNITURE
EXCHANGE

To get the highest possible
cash price for your second-hand
furniture, and
stoves and bedding, etc.
PHONE 8

BRING YOUR
WATCHES and CLOCKS

to
R. W. NYMAN
Expert Repairer
For Prompt and
Satisfactory Work
Ronnie Bk. Railway St. E

For the Promptest Service
In Any Kind of
DRAING
PHONE: Residence 43; Office 77

Ed Laushway
CITY TRANSFER

1/2
THE
TIME

You waste in looking up domestic help could be saved by simply inserting a "Help Wanted" ad. in our Classified Columns. Our paper is read by the desirable class, and goes into hundreds of homes that get no other.

Pains In Back
Had To Quit Work

When you find your kidneys out of order when your back aches and pains when you have to rise often during the night and endure torture during the day—take our advice and get a box of

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS
Mr. Joe Guertin, Nesterfield, Ont., writes: "I was troubled with my kidneys and bladder for about ten years. My bladder was so weak I was getting up four or five times every night. I had pain in my back, and many a day I had to quit work my back was so weak. I tried many doctors and different medicines, but never got any better until one day I met one of my friends who advised me to use Doan's Kidney Pills. I took four boxes, and can truthfully say I was completely relieved of my trouble. I cannot praise your Pills enough."
Price 36¢ a box at all dealers or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Sam's Wild Horse Ride

By Herbert Coolidge

We were trapping wild horses in Arizona; unbroken mustangs were worth then from twenty-five to thirty dollars a head. But more than all the mustangs that we could see we wanted Iron Grey, the wild stallion. If you could have seen him running with his mane and tail flying in the wind, you would know why. And this time we knew we had him.

It was at the end of the third dry year, and Coyote Springs was the only place where wild horses could water for a hundred miles around. When we had barricaded the canon above the pool and had built the strongest kind of gate where the walls pinched close together just below it, we concluded that we had a trap that would hold anything.

When we were finishing the gate a lone prospector came along. He had seen Apache signal smokes. "I'm traveling nights, myself," he said, "because I'm carrying around a couple of Apache bullets already."

I had had an Apache bullet cut out of my leg, and was a bit shy of Indians, but of course Dugan, my partner, who was considered the meanest man in Arizona to travel with, began to boast about not being afraid of Apaches. Sam, who was Dugan's nephew, didn't have much to say; and that was just like him.

A couple of days later we sighted Iron Grey's band of horses skirting the edge of Big Snake Basin. There were two, thirty to wait until night and they were heading straight for the springs. We buried Sam, all but his nose and his eyes in the sand near the gate. Then Dugan and I climbed up high and hid among the rocks.

Iron Grey's band came warily up the canon and still more warily passed the gate. After snorting and fanning round a while, the horse cut a great flourish and charged on to the pool. The moment Iron Grey dipped his nose to the water Sam sprang up and closed the gate.

Dugan and I, never dreaming that we were running into a trap watched by Indians, headed straight for the gate where Sam stood cying the mill horses. Then the Apaches, who must have been waiting for us to break cover, turned loose. Bullets whizzed into the gate, and the old Apache yell rose from all directions. We grabbed our rifles and made for the nearest nest of rocks.

For a full hour we lay there expecting every moment they would rush us. But only the excited snorting and milling of the wild horses broke the silence of the desert canon. Finally Dugan saw a buck more down the canon and fired. There was no answering shot. For another half hour we lay waiting. Finally we ventured to creep up to some big cracked ledges, and then to our surprise we saw the Indians, twenty in all, filing off across the Big Snake Basin. They were driving all our saddle animals before them!

"Those Apaches know me," boasted Dugan. "Say, they to themselves 'What's the use of crowding in on that old wild horse trapper and getting killed when we can head on across Big Snake Basin and massacre a lot of women and children and farmers and not get hurt.'"

"Oh!" said Sam, catching his breath. "Oh, what?" demanded Dugan contemptuously.

"We've got to get word to those settlers—somehow," replied Sam solemnly.

"Who's got to?" asked Dugan. "What's soldiers paid for? Those Indians have got every head of our stock, haven't they? How we going to make a ride with nothing left but a band of wild horses and our saddles?"

Dugan always began to shoot poisonous questions into you when he felt mean and wanted to fight. Sam didn't say a word, but he surely did give Dugan a long level look. Dugan had only one virtue that I know of; he could take the back out of any broncho. Sam was good at running a point down a rough, mountain or heading a band of wild horses, but he never did clamor for a chance to be the first to ride a broncho.

Dugan sneered. "If you want to make the ride on a wild horse, why hop to it! Help yourself! Ride Iron Grey if you want to!"

Sam, still giving his tough uncle the long level look, asked quietly, "Will you help me get a saddle on him?"

Dugan must have thought that the boy was bluffing. "Sure, I'll help you," he said, and he laughed like a rip saw chowing through a knot.

We went down into the canon, and Iron Grey charged straight at the gate when he saw us coming. Now for the first time I got a good close look at him and saw to my vexation that he had a head like a hammer and an

eye like a shark. And every coil in sight had a head an eye like him.

Iron Grey leaped to clear the gate; then over back he came on the sand. Sam and Dugan snapped their rifles on his legs as he lay there sprawling. We put a blizzard and a hackamore on him, and letting him get up, and died him.

Among the wild horses was a couple of this, scrubby mustangs with saddle marks on them. Dugan had used, and saddled the better one, and then mounting it and looking Sam over with a broad contemptuous grin he said, "All right; I'll keep Iron Grey herded off the rocks. So climb on him!"

Without a moment's hesitation Sam climbed up on Iron Grey and leaned forward to pull up the blind. "You never heard such a mad yell from a man as Dugan uttered," Iron Grey said, "and I'll shoot you," he cried.

Dugan didn't care a snap about the Apaches murdering women and children, but he wasn't going to lose the honor of being the first man to ride the famous white stallion. Sam gave his uncle the long level look again and said calmly, "If you want to take the buck out of this horse, why come on and climb up on him!"

Dugan climbed up on Iron Grey and pulled the blind. He leaned just one back jump and a half. And, mind you, that man was a wild horse rider.

Before Dugan had hit the ground the stallion had headed for him with his ears laid back, his white teeth bared and his shark eyes blazing. But Sam was on him with the nocking horse, and there was a big bunch of cracked rocks for Dugan to play hide and seek among, which was all that saved him. For once in his life Dugan didn't have a word to say.

Sam didn't say a word either. He got his rifle ready for a cast, as soon as Iron Grey by the forelegs and threw him. Thinking the boy was figuring on pulling off the saddle, I snatched my rope over the stallion's hind legs, but Sam turned to me and said, "Charlie, are you game to lose your share of my band of horses?"

"What do you mean?" I asked. "Are Sam and myself?" "Iron Grey is the only animal in the bunch that is fast enough and tough enough to make the ride in time to save the settlers. If he bucks no one can ride him, and the only way to keep him from bucking is to get him started to running and keep him running. The only way to do that is let him up while the horn is piling out through the gate."

My eyes became mighty round at first; then I found myself meeting that level look of Sam's and believing that maybe the boy could do it. I turned and hawled at Dugan, who was rooting up high on a rock. "My share of this herd goes out through the gate so we can give Iron Grey a running start. That way he won't light into bucking."

I expected that Dugan would howl like a wolf, and that I should have to fight him, but all he said was, "Lasso that other middle-marked horse so we won't be on foot."

The band of mustangs tore out of the corral like a whirlwind. While they were still piling through the gate Dugan and I slacked the reins that held the stallion. Then as Iron Grey struggled to his feet Sam settled into the saddle.

They were off like a shot, that tall, determined boy riding as light as a bird, and Iron Grey with his tail flowing straight out behind. When they swept round the first curve I turned and said, "Dugan, that boy might win."

Dugan shook his head. But after a while he said, "Oh, he's got a chance, if he can head the bunch out on the level. Quickly then he added, 'Look there!' Racing up the side of the canon straight for the high peak one mare and then another and another disappeared; and then with his white mane flying like a banner came Iron Grey. Sam, sitting as light as a bird in the saddle, was haying on with his quirt.

"Dugan," I said, "get your horse and let us go. That boy deserves a decent burial."

I learned later that at that moment Sam had much the same thought I had. When he was riding down the canon and saw the mares turning off up the slope he thought he saw his finish. Then he remembered that there was a fair sized mesa up along the canon rim, and he knew that with good luck he could circle the high point gradually away from the mount peaks and leave the mares behind him.

The foremost mare in the bunch was the hundred feet behind Sam, but he topped the mesa, and Iron Grey was climbing the brush and rocks like a greyhound. Now, like

any runaway horse, he was running blindly.

It was fairly good going on the top, and Sam, hauling on the hackamore rein with all the weight and muscle he had, managed to head the stallion round toward Big Snake Basin. Now he had the satisfaction of knowing that he was riding, and mighty fast too, in the direction of the settlers he was trying to save.

So far so good—except for getting down over the crags to the level of the basin. There were only a few places there where you could descend even on a gentle, well-remed horse, and it looked much as if Sam were riding for a fall.

As Iron Grey tore on across the mesa, Sam kept racking his brain, trying to remember just where the worst cliffs were along the rim out ahead. Finally he gave up trying, and for a moment despair seized him. Then all of a sudden every vestige of fear and worry left him. He had been in tight places before and had not got out safe. He would get out of this one—somehow.

He didn't wait Iron Grey to hesitate for one second when he got to the edge of the rim; and he knew that no matter what was below a little speed more or less would neither make or break him. So when he was pretty close he held on the quirt. Then he plugged both spurs into his forehead cheek and with his quirt hand "grabbed leather." The next moment Iron Grey sped to the edge

(Continued on Page 7)

ALBERTA GOVERNMENT
EMPLOYMENT BUREAU

A Bureau for the City of Wetaskiwin and district is located at the U.F.A. Cooperative Store, with A. P. Moon in charge.

Employers are requested to make their requirements, as far as assistance is concerned, known at above address, and those seeking employment should register at once. Employment Bureaus are for both men and women.

Very few buyers know what they want until they have talked to a good salesman.

BLUE GOOSE
ORANGES

Recommended by Doctors

TO BE HAD AT

ALL LEADING GROCERIES



BUY NOW AND
MAKE CERTAIN
YOU GET A CAR
AT THESE PRICES

Runabout \$405
Touring \$445
Coupe \$695
Sedan \$785
Chassis \$345
Truck Chassis \$495

You are considering the purchase of a car. Look at the price of the Ford. Ascertain the price of any other car. Figure what you could buy with the difference.

Norman W. Fead
Wetaskiwin, Alberta



FORD MOTOR COMPANY OF CANADA, LIMITED
FORD / - - - - - ONTARIO
2223



CORD and FABRIC
All Styles - All Sizes

DUNLOP

Coast-to-Coast
Popularity is Due to:

The Quality in The Tire.
The Service That Goes
With The Tire.
The Mileage That Results
From The Tire.

Buy At Home

AND DIVIDE YOUR DOLLAR WITH YOUR NEIGHBOR

Everybody has a certain amount of Civic Pride—that sort of pride which helps make a village a town and a town a metropolitan city.

The growth of any community is dependent upon the support given its citizens. If we fail in our cooperation the town either stands still or retrogrades. If we uphold the town by sustaining it wholeheartedly we help ourselves and the community. The theme of this advertisement is "Help our town, buy at home"

Let us divide our dollars among our merchants and fellow-citizens who have the interests of the community at heart. Help them and they will help us to greater values—for increased volume means decreased costs.

The city needs our support and we need the support of the town. Let's get together and share our fortunes.

The Wetaskiwin Times

Phone 27

Wetaskiwin Times

Published every Thursday at the Times Block, McDonald Street, Wetaskiwin, Alberta.

Subscription, \$2.50 per year; \$2.00 per year if paid in advance. U.S. postage, 50 cents extra. Advertising rates on application.

V. C. FRENCH
Editor Proprietor

THURSDAY, APRIL 19, 1923

Doing Things On The Cheap

The City of Wetaskiwin has recently contracted to pay \$30.00 for printing that, figured by standard western printing prices, amounts to, nearly twice that figure. It is only fair to the city fathers to state that most of them were probably not familiar enough with printing costs to know this. The low price looked like economy. Let us consider if this is so.

The city officers were formerly housed in cheap quarters—in a horse stable, to be exact. Was this economy? They fixed that matter, because they felt cheap every time they had occasion to escort a visitor through those accented halls.

We do not need tramps to represent us on delegations in far cities. It would be cheaper; they could eat at "Chink restaurants" and sleep in the subway. But would it be economy? No. We send our best citizens on these trips, and pay their expenses without a murmur.

Cheap printing can never look like anything but cheap printing, unless somebody loses money; and a city is judged by its printing as truly as it is by its human representatives.

Letting printing by tender puts printing on the same basis as hauling. The fair way to allocate work of this nature, and a way that has been adopted by progressive cities, is to distribute the work according to the relative standing of firms in that line of work on the city assessment roll. The man who pays the most taxes gets the most work. This leaves no room for hank feelings or "chewing the rag," it gives the printer a living wage, it obviates the charge of "cheapness," it fosters the community spirit.

The Joy of Painting.

Everybody stops to watch a painter, whether he is reproducing a landscape on canvas or slapping good paint on a barn door. Everybody wants to hold the brush. It looks so easy.

The millionaire pays a hundred thousand for a masterpiece, while Jones paints the children's playhouse and the joy of the kiddies is worth a hundred thousand to Jones.

Tom Sawyer had to paint a fence instead of going fishing. He made the job so pleasant that—well, you know the story.

What is more suggestive than the sweep of the "Save the Surface" brush? It's lifelike. You can feel it in your fingers, and you can't help wanting to save your property with it.

While we have no intimation of an official clean-up week for Wetaskiwin, we are glad to see that most of our citizens are carrying out the idea anyway.

Dust and grime are said to be responsible for more than 50 per cent of the wear and tear of clothing and housefurnishings. The periodic clean-up is justified if for no other reason than to avoid this wear.

It has also been estimated that paint, varnish and general renovation will increase the value of a property as much as 20 per cent. A lesson may be learned from second-hand car dealers, who put every car into the paint shop before they put it on display. They wouldn't do it if they were not repaid by the higher price secured for the car.

In addition to the joy you get from good painting, it pays.

Paintlessness means shiftlessness.

Stop the Little Leaks

At the present time the legislatures of the three prairie provinces—Alberta, Saskatchewan and Manitoba—are in session and one of the outstanding questions calling for discussion and legislation is the marketing of wheat. Dominion parliament is also in session and there, too, the all-absorbing topic of wheat marketing is up for discussion and probable action.

Nobody in the west will for one moment question the vital importance of this subject, not alone to the farmers, but to the western people at large, for it is now generally recognized that much of the prosperity of

the Dominion depends upon the prosperity of the western farmer. Every fall the eyes of the whole Dominion turn westward, and the question is asked: "What of the western crop?"

All is not well with Canadian agriculture. Economic conditions are not good, though, fortunately, they are gradually improving. But the farmer cannot be ignorant that the grower of wheat in western Canada is not prosperous; is not in receipt of a reasonable profit on his investment and labor; in all too many instances is in receipt of no profit at all, but is, and has been, actually operating at a loss.

It is, therefore, of the utmost importance, primarily to the farmer, but also directly to every man, woman and child in the west, that an improvement in the agricultural conditions be brought about without further delay. That the costs of marketing are too high, that too great a toll is levied on the grain in getting it to the consuming markets of the world, are facts generally admitted; hence the almost universal demand for the introduction of some new system of control and direction in grain marketing.

That something in this direction needs to be evolved goes without saying, but at the same time is there not danger in too great a focusing of attention on the attempt to find one remedy for a great leak, and ignoring of other and smaller leaks but which, in the aggregate, may mean quite as serious a loss?

For instance, official records have established the fact that, during the last shipping season thousands upon thousands of tons of wheat were damaged by the heat and moisture in the lake port terminals. Last season's wheat graded uniformly high but it was also remarkable for the quantity of weed seeds contained in shipments. It not only cost money to clean all this grain, but the farmers of the west paid thousands of dollars in freight charges on this enormous quantity of weed seeds. Surely this is a leak in profits which could and should be stopped.

It costs just as much to plow and harrow and disk an acre of land sown with inferior seed as it does to perform the same operations preliminary to sowing the best seed obtainable. There is a difference in the price of the seed itself, and that is all. Later on it costs just the same to cut the standing crop on that acre irrespective of the fact whether it is all grain or partly grain and partly weeds.

The cost of preparing an acre of seed and sowing it to crop, yields twenty-five or thirty bushels of wheat, but is little more than the cost of ship-board farming methods and poor seed which results in only ten or fifteen bushels. A blunder will just as easily and economically cut a standing field of grain with large and well filled heads as it will one of small heads and shriveled kernels. But what a difference there is in the financial returns to the farmer from the larger yield!

Despite high costs of production last season, excessive marketing cost and unsatisfactory marketing methods, some farmers made money, and others lost money. The ones who made money were those who had the heavy yields per acre. Weather conditions are, of course, always a factor, because no matter how painstaking a farmer may be, or how good and clean the seed sown, there must be a sufficiency of moisture to ensure a crop. But things being equal, the good farmer, sowing cleaner seed, will obtain results in larger yields, and consequently, larger financial returns.

While, therefore, working for better marketing conditions, the individual western farmer will be wise in his day and generation who farms well, sows only good clean seed, and wages unremitting warfare on weeds.

No matter how favorable the growing and ripening season may be, the maximum results cannot be obtained unless a good beginning is made, and the foundation of a good harvest is to be found in making a start with pure bred stock.

Do not overlook the little leaks—which are not so little after all—while giving so much, and necessary, attention to the big features of the problem.

COMMUNICATION

(We do not necessarily endorse the sentiments advanced by this or any other correspondent under this heading.—Ed.)

Patience, Alta., April 18th.
Editor Times.
In view of numerous enquiries I have had from different parts of the province as to when the Mutual Oil & Gas Development Co. would start this season's operations in township 47, range 27, west 4th, I am dropping this line to advise that we are now drilling and making good headway. Yours for resources development,
J. P. SCOTT

RICH IN VITAMINES



Here and There

Canada's export trade grew \$174,000,000 in the first eleven months of the fiscal year ending March 31st.

A recent and popular Canadian Pacific appointment is that of Mr. Walter Maughan to Steamship Passenger Manager. The appointment includes management of the company's passenger business on both the Atlantic and Pacific oceans.

Fire insurance companies found 1922 the most disastrous year for more than 20. The ratio of losses to premiums was 68.4 per cent. British companies suffered most severely, their losses to premiums being 71.6 per cent, mainly due to the Northern Ontario fire.

A gold rush is in full swing and it is expected to bring about the development of more mining camps than have been opened in the past. In these two countries early in 1922 and a rush of prospectors began in March of that year. In October, 250 claims were staked, comprising 50,000 acres of land, and to date about 50,000 acres have been staked.

In the last fiscal year, Canada imported 1,063,000 pounds of butter from the United States, 297,000 pounds from Australia and 2,254,000 pounds from New Zealand. The total exports of Canadian butter were 8,430,000 pounds.

It is announced that the running schedule of the Trans-Canada Limited, which will operate between Montreal, Toronto and Vancouver, commencing May 20th, has been cut down one hour. Considering the all steel equipment and luxurious appointments and its regular daily on time performance, this is the finest long distance train in the world.

Bungalow camps, such as are operated in the Canadian Rockies, are to be built in the French River, Nipigon Bay and Lake of the Woods districts of Ontario by the Canadian Pacific Railway. Low cost of construction and maintenance will enable the company to offer lower rates than standard hotels. The first three will be ready for occupation by July 1st.

According to a recent rearrangement of ports of call, the Orient and the Canadian Pacific Steamships Limited, by omitting Manila as a port of call between Shanghai and Hong Kong, will bring the latter port four days nearer to Canada, the United States and Europe. This makes possible a through service from London, England, via Canadian Pacific Atlantic Express to Quebec and rail to Vancouver and via Canadian Pacific Express to Hong Kong under 28 days.

During the year 1922 the Canadian Pacific Railway handled a total of 8,435,825 pieces of baggage as compared with 8,782,674 for the previous year. Of this amount 8,176,206 pieces were passenger baggage which compared with 5,486,445 for the previous twelve months. 8,697 bicycles were handled, 19,336 dogs travelled as baggage and 23,988 baby carriages were moved. There was also a considerable increase in the movement of milk.

In 1922, the Company moved 1,623,107 cars as against 1,514,741 in 1921; and it is remarkable that most of this increase was in the three provinces, Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, which is an apparent indication of the further development of mixed farming in those provinces.

One of the best examples of a town "growing up over night" is that of Climax, the end of steel on the Conestoga branch of the Canadian Pacific Railway. All that there was on the quarter section on February 19th, the day on which the site of the new town was finally settled, was a homesteader's shack and a small barn. When the steel was laid in Climax on March 15th there was a restaurant, one rooming house, over a score of dwellings, two blacksmith's shops, a drug store, gent's furnishing store, a big general store, pool room and barber shop. The new town is situated in a large flat warehouse in which nearly 100,000 bushels of grain were stored, and a butcher shop. The new town is situated in Lone Tree R.M. number 18, about 30 miles south of Shaunavon.

GAS ON STOMACH WON'T LET YOU SLEEP

Gas often presses on heart and other organs, causing a restless, uneasy feeling which prevents sleep. Simple blackberry bark, glycerine, etc. cannot be relied upon to give relief. Norway Pure Syrup, a powerful and reliable pressure remover, instantly inducing restful sleep. Advertiser often removes surprising old matter from BOTH upper and lower bowels which poisoned stomach and caused gas. EXCELLENT to guard against appendicitis. Northern Drug Company.

Farm Grounds Should Be Made Attractive

The Canadian horticultural council believes that Canadian farmers are rapidly learning to appreciate comfortable, beautiful and edifying home surroundings, because it is now beginning to be realized that it will help country life to be what it should be, the most attractive of all and because it will in no small measure and in conjunction with the rural telephone, rural mail, good roads and radio help to keep the young people at home and contented.

Farming should be, and some day will be, the most independent, attractive and satisfactory profession in all the world, and one of the most important steps towards that end is that of having the home surroundings just as attractive as those of our citizens who live in the towns and cities. This end can be accomplished much more cheaply and with more beautiful results, as the farmer has everything including an adequate space to work with.

The appearance of a place is a very safe index to the character of the owner. Poor stock, poor vegetables, diseased fruit trees and wormy fruit go hand in hand with poorly painted buildings, filthy barnyards and a bare house with grounds unimproved, and yet the majority of our farmers are in this condition. In fact, those with really well laid out and well kept grounds are the exception.

Making the home grounds tidy and well kept, not only adds to the pleasure of life, but it is good business, for it should be remembered that the front yard of the farm is the show window of the place of business. It is also good business because it attracts the buyer for the products of the farm or for the farm itself, as everyone likes to trade at a farm or a store that has an appearance of being up-to-date, well kept, of having fresh goods, and we are willing to pay the price for these things rather than take a chance on the others.

It also pays, because well kept grounds and buildings bring returns out of all proportion to their cost. In fact, in a consideration of this matter, the word investment, not expense, should always be thought of. Any farm, the house of which is framed with trees, porches shaded with vines, which possesses a good expanse of lawn, the objectionable features hidden from view by trees, shrubs, or vines, has, when taken entirely as of all proportion to the time or money spent.

Such a place will sell for a great deal more than a neighbor's; place exactly as good, but in the condition too commonly seen throughout the country today.

And the problem of beautifying the farm is not an expensive one. Our farm grounds should be improved if for no other reason than that of the women and the children to whom the love of beauty appeals even more than it does to men.

When you go home and find your favorite armchair upside down in the yard, the kitchen stove in the parlor, and the kids assiduously carrying their shoes before they venture to approach the house, step lightly and beware lest you transgress. Spring cleaning is on.

Her Little Girl HAD "Double Pneumonia"

Next to consumption there are more deaths caused from pneumonia than from any other form of lung trouble. In fact, pneumonia might be described as "Lung Fever".

A cough is the earliest symptom. It is at first frequent and hacking, and is accompanied with a tough, colorless expectoration which soon, however, becomes more copious and is of a thick, rusty, red color. The breathing becomes rapid, the temperature rises and the pulse is weakened from the failure of the heart's action.

Males are more commonly attacked than females, and a previous attack seems to give a special liability to another.

On the first sign of a cough or cold you should get a bottle of Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup and thus prevent the cold from developing into serious lung trouble.

Mrs. W. Schaeck, Bendley, Shet., writes—"Just a few lines to tell you of the benefit I have had from your wonderful medicine. Two years ago I nearly lost my little girl—who had double pneumonia, but after having given her a few bottles of Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup, I found that it had completely cured her. I am always tell other people to use it."

Price 35c and 60c a bottle; put up only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

ALBERTA SHIPPED OVER 63,000,000 BUSHELS GRAIN

Up to and including April 7, the farmers of the three western provinces have marketed 236,793,028 bushels of wheat of the 1922 crop. These marketing in the three provinces have been as follows: Manitoba, 65,940,254, Saskatchewan, 157,784,139; Alberta, 63,068,639.

The Alberta acreage was given last year by the dominion bureau of statistics as 5,262,000. Assuming that the acreage this year will be about the same, the requirements for seed in Alberta will be 10,524,000, which undoubtedly the farmers still have on hand.

The Free Press estimate made last September gave the yield in Alberta as 73,658,000 bushels.

This would indicate that after allowing for seed there is very little left to be shipped from the farms in Alberta.

FOUND WONDERFUL RELIEF FROM CONSTIPATION BY USING MILBURN'S LAXA-LIVER PILLS

Constipation is one of the most prevalent troubles the human race is subject to, and is the greatest cause of many of our ailments, for if the bowels cease to perform the proper functions all the other organs will become deranged.

Keep your bowels working gently and naturally by the use of Milburn's Laxa-Liver Pills, and thus do away with the constipation and all other troubles caused by it.

Mrs. A. B. Spence, Springhill, N. S., writes—"I have suffered for some time from constipation, and was advised by a friend to try Milburn's Laxa-Liver Pills. After taking a vial of them I have found wonderful relief, and would advise all those who are constipated to give them a trial for I feel sure they will also receive the same benefit I did."

Price 25c a vial at all dealers or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Several Wetaskiwin grown-ups are foregoing the pleasure of radio because they are too proud to ask the little boy next door how to fix up an outfit.

Probably there is nothing in the world that gives a man that tired feeling quicker than to have another man say: "Why don't you do as I do?"

SEEDS

We have a stock of

Sunflower, Millet, Sweet Clover, Brome Grass, Rape, Corn, Field Peas, and Other Seeds.

We have a car of very choice 2 C.W. Oats at 65c per bushel

A car of No. 3 C.W. Barley is expected in soon

Good Heavy Feed Oats, 55c per bushel

We have several cars of nice Hay coming, also Green Oats in Bundles

Crushed Oats, \$1.75 cwt;

Farmers' Special Chop, \$1.70 Cash for Eggs

Wetaskiwin Produce Company

WANTED

For 25 Scottish Families Arriving in Edmonton Within the Next 30 Days

25 FARMS OF 160 ACRES

In the District Between Red Deer and Edmonton and surroundings

Each quarter to have at least 40 acres broken and habitable buildings. Would consider purchasing stock and equipment with each quarter.

Good Terms Essential

Land must be within Eight Miles of Railway

Apply to the Secretary, THE SCOTTISH IMMIGRANT AID SOCIETY, Red Deer, or at 8317 105th St., Edmonton, Alberta

EVERY SORT OF

Job Printing

We Print---

Posters

Dodgers

Envelopes

Letterheads

Visiting Cards

Shipping Tags

And Anything at all.

The

Wetaskiwin Times

CORN, SUNFLOWERS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR SUMMERFALLOW

The value of corn as a substitute for summer fallow has been fully proved and demonstrated. At the Brandon experimental farm the yield of wheat on corn land has exceeded that on summer fallowed land by an average of 5.53 bushels per acre for six years, and only once during that time has the fallowed field produced a heavier yield of wheat than the corn land. In addition to this, the corn land has produced an earlier crop of wheat, and consequently one less damaged by rust, and has done so at practically half the cost of producing wheat on fallowed land. The difference in cost of production is due to the fact that the cost of the fallow is charged against the following crop of wheat, whereas the corn crop constitutes a revenue, and only in case of a failure of that crop is there a deficit to be charged against the following wheat crop.

The suitability of sunflowers as a summer fallow substitute has caused considerable controversy in recent years. The general opinion has been that sunflowers are very hard on the soil, this conclusion being based on the fact that the sunflower land rarely produces a satisfactory grain crop the following year. Whether this is due to excessive amounts of fertility removed from the soil by the sunflower crop or is attributable to the large water requirements by the sunflower plant during the growing season, are questions that need chemical data for their elucidation.

At this farm corn and sunflowers were grown side by side as a summer fallow substitute in 1921. Wheat was grown on both plots in 1922, the wheat on the corn land outyielding that on the sunflower land by 15 bush-

TOWN TOPICS

The Norwegian Ladies' Aid will meet at the home of Mrs. Forstrom on Friday, April 20th, at 2:30 p.m.

Messrs. A. Dahms, M. Jorns and Roy Lindskog left on Saturday last for Baltimore, Maryland.

Several of our local business places have inaugurated a clean up week of late. The City Bakery is being renovated inside and out in preparation for the ice cream season. The Banner Grocery is brightening up the interior with a coat of paint in cheerful colors. Drake's Confectionery (The Blue Lantern) is having attractive signs painted on the glass of its windows and doors.

Wheat and 20 1/2 bushels per acre. The wheat on the sunflower land matured about two days earlier and had much shorter straw. It was badly burned on June 22nd, whereas there was no sign of tipburn on the corn land on the adjoining summer fallowed plot. This would seem to indicate that the sunflowers had made a heavier demand on the moisture during the previous season than had the corn, and that there was not sufficient moisture to carry the crop during a critical period. Moisture determination made during the season on adjoining corn and sunflower land showed that the sunflowers used approximately 10 per cent more moisture than the corn during the growing season.

In 1920, corn and sunflowers were grown on this farm under field conditions, and were sown on two uniform and contiguous tracts of land. The whole block was sown to oats in 1921 and received uniform treatment. The oats on corn land yielded at the rate of 38 bushels and 20 1/2 bushels per acre, while the sunflower land yielded at the rate of 29 bushels and 3 pounds per acre. It was also noted that the oats on the sun-

Glad She Took Friend's Advice

MRS. HARTLEY STATES TANLAC, TAKEN ON MRS. BRATHWATE'S RECOMMENDATION, RESTORED HER FULLY

"It certainly is remarkable how quickly Tanlac restores a person's health. When I had taken my second bottle, my indigestion was gone and I gained eleven pounds. No home should be without Tanlac." This statement was made the other day by Mrs. Alma Hartley, 13 Bright St., Toronto, Ont.

"Stomach trouble, sleeplessness and a badly run-down condition kept me in misery two years and I was just a nervous wreck. When I took back now I wonder how I lived on the little I ate, my appetite was so poor. My food soured, gas bloated me and caused terrible pains, and I was dreadfully nauseated. I almost forgot what a good night's sleep was, and became alarmingly thin and weak."

"It was Mrs. Brathwate, my neighbor, who advised me to try the Tanlac treatment, and I am simply thankful. My appetite is so ravenous now I can't wait for meal time. My nerves are calm, I sleep like a child and all my food is strong and refreshed. Tanlac is simply grand."

Tanlac is for sale by all good druggists. Accept no substitute. Over 35 million bottles sold.

flower land matured fully two days earlier, and had considerably shorter or straw, than the oats on the corn land, which fact would strengthen the opinion that less moisture had been stored in 1920 on the sunflower land. As to weed infestation, there was practically no difference, the sunflowers being equally effective in keeping down weeds.

All Goods sold
on our "Money Back
Guarantee"

STAR STORE

Get our Prices
Before sending away
that Mail Order

Fashionable Coats, Suits and Dresses

Surpassing in value and variety of style any collection of garments we have ever shown. Don't fail to see the wonderful range of original creations, perfect workmanship and attractive pattern effects. The values are right. Keen buying has kept our prices down to an exceptionally favorable basis, maintaining our country-wide reputation for something out of the ordinary.



Misses' and Ladies' Novelty Suits

Jacquette models, box back suits, Balkan styles and three piece blouse effects, smartly designed and handsomely made from materials of unquestionable merit, such as the French Poiret Twill, Tricotine and Botany Serge. Linings of Crepe de Chene, Radium Silk and Canton Crepe. Sizes 16 to 42.

Ladies' Silk Hose

Pure Silk Thread Hose in Black, Suede, and Camel, with the new Pointheel and Ribbed Tops. \$2.50. Fibre Silk Hose in black and brown. Special \$1.00

Ladies' Shoes

Smart styles in Ladies' Combination Patent and Suede strap slippers with low and Baby Louis heels. Goodyear welts, lovely soft quality. Priced \$7.95.

Ladies' Strap Slippers \$3.95

Ladies' one and two strap slippers in Kid, Calf and Patent leather, low and military heel, in black and brown. Specially priced from \$3.95 to \$6.50.

Canada Needs Immigration Now Is the View of Lord Shaughnessy

Canadian Pacific Chairman Urges Aggressive Campaign to Bring Desirable New Citizens—Suggests Appointment of Minister of Immigration.

THE predominant importance of a sound and aggressive immigration policy for Canada was vigorously put forward by Lord Shaughnessy, Chairman of the Canadian Pacific Railway in an address to the Kiwanis Club of Montreal on November 16th. Lord Shaughnessy endorsed the Kiwanis idea of selected and directed immigration, and urged the appointment of a Minister of Immigration and Colonization. He said in part:

Practically nothing has been done during the past eight years to attract population. Of course, the war interfered, and during the period of the war it would have been impossible to bring people here, but four years have elapsed since the Armistice and much might have been accomplished in those four years, were it not for unwise immigration laws, the practical abandonment of publicity work, and the withdrawal of agents. We have been hiding our light under a bushel with the result that we have lost to other countries thousands of the best settlers who should have come to us. Indeed, it is worse than that, because the census returns show that in 1921, Canada had a population of 7,200,000, and the census returns for 1921 show a total population of 8,700,000. But in that period the vital statistics show that there was a natural increase of 1,500,000 and immigration into Canada from other countries of 1,975,000. Had we received no immigrants at all, the natural increase should have given a population of 9,000,000.

When we take into account the fact that our National Debt which was \$350,000,000 in 1914, has now reached the staggering sum of \$2,340,000,000, or approximately the equivalent of \$270 per capita of our population, a National Railway system (acquired for reasons that are more or less defensible) that with its annual deficits absorbs the greater portion of our rather burdensome income tax, with no prospect of immediate improvement, we must realize that the burden is too great for a population of 8,700,000 people.

Mainly stated we have on one side these enormous national liabilities and a sparse population. On the other side we have vast areas of agricultural land in the Western Provinces, within fifteen miles of existing railway lines, only awaiting settlers to establish homes for themselves and their families, and to make these lands productive for their own advantage and for the general financial advantage of Canada, and in Ontario, Quebec and the Lower Provinces there is still room for a great many thousands of settlers.

The mineral districts of our country thus far exploited are a mere pittance on the great mineral area of the Dominion, and our forests utilized in a sensible way will be a source of incalculable wealth. Clearly our policy must be to bring these matters under the notice not only of the people of Great Britain and the United States, but of many of the continental countries as well, and to urge them. We expect you to become citizens of Canada, and to

take active intelligent interest in Canadian affairs; to see that your children are not only educated, but by your example encouraged to lead clean moral lives. It is not our intention when you land on our shores to turn you loose to shift for yourselves. We shall have Bureaus or Departments to take you in hand and advise and guide you until you have reached your destination.

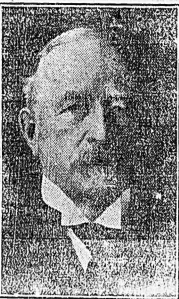
Notwithstanding the war, Great Britain can furnish a very large number of settlers of the right class, and for the first time, I think, in history, the British Government is prepared to lend its assistance, financially and otherwise, to help those people to become established in one of the Dominions.

Norway, Sweden, Belgium, Denmark, Holland and other continental countries can furnish us with thousands of rugged, splendid people who are worthy of the struggle at home, and wish to seek their fortunes in a new land.

To begin with there should be some amendments to our immigration laws and regulations. The requirement of continuous passage from country of origin is surrounded by many difficulties. There can be no good reason why an Englishman who is working in Oregon, who has bought a ranch in Alberta, should under our regulations be denied admission as a settler, because he came to us from Oregon instead of direct from England. Nor should we be prevented from getting any settlers from the United States, who, not being naturalized United States citizens, would be required under our law to return to their own country and come from there direct to Canada to ensure admission.

I am only referring briefly to one or two out of many instances in the last couple of years that were brought to my notice. It is true that the regulations have recently been amended with reference to British settlers, but the barrier against others still remains.

There should be urged upon the Government the appointment without delay of a thoroughly capable, enterprising Minister of Immigration and Colonization. I think that my friend, Hon. J. Stewart, who is with us to-day, will bear me out in the statement that the Department of the Interior is now over-burdened with work, and that this additional load should not be placed on it. The Department of Immigration will be a very busy man, and should be able to give his whole time and thought to this work. Therefore it has been a sort of tradition that the Cabinet Minister or Deputy in charge of Immigration should come from the West. There would appear to be no good reason for this. While naturally the main efforts of the Department will be directed to the West, there is room for considerable energy in Eastern Canada, and efforts must not be put off until after the war, when the difference whether the Minister comes from the East or the West will be just the right man. The Minister should have a most capable staff of assistants and representatives in the Department at headquarters in Great Britain, the United States, and on the Continent of Europe, to permit of this most important matter being dealt with aggressively. He should have a



Lord Shaughnessy, K.C.V.O., Chairman Canadian Pacific Railway.

strong and intelligent advertising and publicity organization in Great Britain, the United States, and other countries of Central Europe, through which an invitation will be extended to every colonist of the class we need, to give consideration to the opportunities offered by Canada for settlement.

I am confident that in all this the Government would have the active co-operation of the Canadian Pacific and other transportation companies, who expended such vast sums of money in co-operation with the Government to secure colonists a few years ago.

I know that many of our fellow-citizens are imbued with the conviction that immigration should, in a very large measure, be confined to people of British origin. This view is based on the idea that our future as a British people will be best safeguarded by populating our country with those of our own race. It strikes me that in this instance policy rather than idealism must prevail. Britain could not furnish us with the required population of the desirable type within "reasonable time." We must get settlers where we can without exposing the country to the dangers of a defective and disastrous melting pot. We shall not be damaged by an intermixture of new blood and new thought.

Selected and directed immigration—the slogan of the Kiwanis—describes tersely and clearly what would seem to be necessary. Immigration will ensure the right class of settlers to meet the requirements of the country, and direct immigration will only lessen the worry and uncertainty of the newly landed immigrant, but will be a reasonable surer that he will be properly allocated. The comparative gross earnings of the Railway companies in any country may be taken as a rather reliable index of the growth of business activity in the country within a given period. In 1922 the gross revenue of the railways of Canada were about six times as large as they were in 1908, after allowing due allowance for any difference in tariff rates. During that period our population had increased by about 3,000,000 people. Think of what a difference it would make to our National Railway System, what opportunity it would offer for a reduction of taxation and of rates for the carriage of domestic commodities, if within a short period, we could add 3,000,000 more.

Special Values in Ladies' Corsets

in the celebrated
D. & A. Make

Low and high bust, good
strong coutil. Regular \$2.00

Special during this week
\$1.50

Supreme among Sport Coats

is the
"BROMLEIGH"

In coats like this with their dashing swagger air, one is correctly attired for all outdoor occasions. Some of the main features are Raglan shoulders, smart set in or patch pockets, leather or bone buttons, and all around belts. Their delightful cut, appealing colorings and beautiful fabrics are beyond reproach. Priced \$19.50 to \$35.00.



Stylish Velour Coats

Priced from \$19.50 to \$35.00

If you are looking for the combination of the highest quality coat at prices to suit your purse, see these coats. Popular wrap coats with raglan

sleeves, richly embroidered and with fancy stitching, fancy buttons, novelty buckles.



New Dress Goods

Voiles, Ratines, Homespuns, Broadcloth, Flannels, Serges, and Tricotines, at remarkably low prices.

Coatings

in Gaberdines and check Polo Cloths, from \$3.50 to \$4.95.

Attractive Dresses

We are ready with a collection of dresses that has the prime essentials for your approval—quality, workmanship and a sure sense of smartness as applied to youthful dresses for the woman and miss. All the new fabrics are represented—Homespun, Flannel, Botany Serge, Tricotine, Poiret Twill, Crepe de Chene, Canton Crepe, Gingham, Voile, Crepes and Ratines. Priced from \$4.95 to \$35.00.



Grocery Department

A new lot of Orchard Run Apples at the special price of \$1.50
Onion Sets, per lb. 25c Multipliers, per lb 20c
Registered Irish Cobbler Seed Potatoes, Special price per lb 3c

MONTGOMERY BROS., LIMITED

Classified Ads.

For Sale

BOOKING ORDERS—For M. B. Turkey Eggs, \$2.50 for 9; also Hatched Orpington eggs. Mrs. C. M. Gibson, Phone 1303, Wetaskiwin. 5-3t.

CHICKS—Pure bred Barred Rock day old baby chicks, good laying strains, sold by the 25, also barred Rock hatching eggs, \$1.50 per setting of 15. Registered Banner Oats, reloaded, \$1.00 per bushel. Apply Box 426, Wetaskiwin, or Phone 910. 5-3t.

FOR SALE—Four registered Short-horn Bulls, red in color, tubercular tested, 1 year old, Apply Wm. Thirk, Angus Ridge, Phone 109, Wetaskiwin. 5-3t.

SETTING EGGS—From pure bred White Wyandottes, \$1.25 per setting of 15. Dr. N. A. Johnson, Phone 283, Wetaskiwin. 5-3t.

EGGS FOR HATCHING—From pure bred White Wyandottes, \$1.00 for setting of 15. Apply Mrs. L. H. Newville, Phone 1209, Wetaskiwin. 5-3t.

SETTING EGGS—For Sale from pure bred Buff Orpingtons, \$2.00 per setting. C. B. Murdoch. 4-3t.

FARMS FOR RENT—Or rent, near Falm. Enquire of Mrs. M. Leavenworth, R.R.1, Wetaskiwin. 4-3t.

FOR SALE—Registered Short-horn Bull, 2 years old, red color, reasonable price for quick sale. Phone R 903, V. E. Thompson. 1-4t.

EGGS FOR HATCHING—Pure bred White Holland Turkey Eggs for sale. Apply A. B. Evans, Phone 1002, Wetaskiwin. 4-3t.

EGGS—Pure bred R.O.R.I. Red and White Wyandotte eggs for hatching, \$2.00 setting of 15, 2 settings \$3.00, 140 eggs \$9.00. Mammoth Brown Turkey eggs, 50c each. W. & A. Greiner, Wetaskiwin, Phone 1405X. 4-6t.

FOR SALE—I have for sale the following chattels: 1 only Twin City Wild Out Separator; 1 only Grain Picker; 1 only Seed Grass attachment; 14 marker, a lot of rope & 1 1/2 inch 3 good milk cows, 3 yearling calves, a cheap saddle pony and saddle. Chas. D. Enman. 1-4t.

Estray

ESTRAY—Came to my place on or about Dec. 1, 1922, red yearling heifer, small white spot on left shoulder, some white on under part of body, lame in right hind foot, no visible brand. Owner please prove property and take animal away. W. A. Brown S.W.14-46-5-W. 2-3t.

Wanted


GOOD INDUSTRIAL MAN—To sell the well known and profitable line of Rawleigh Quality Products in the town of Wetaskiwin. Only a live wire wanted and need apply to the V. T. Rawleigh Company, Limited, Dept. D, Winnipeg, Man. 5-3t.

WANTED—I have a good 16-30 Bantam youth and am in a position to break any reasonable amount of land this spring. Write for terms and particulars. Lo Riske, R.R.1, Millet, Alta. 4-3t.

WANTED—At once, about six chickens green wood. Leave information as to price, etc., at Box "P" Times Office. 3-4t.

WANTED—To hear from owner of good Farm for sale. State cash, price full particulars. D. F. Bush, Minneapolis, Minn. 4-6-9-11-13-15p.

TEACHER WANTED—At once, for Spring Hill school, No 1451, with certificate. Salary \$1000.00. Apply to Jas. Dottor, secretary treasurer, Mulhurst, Alberta. 2-3t.



Quick Results

May be depended upon from the use of our Want Ads. The Births, deaths, marriages and the other Classified Columns are usually included in even a very perfunctory perusal of the paper. They are as good for general business as they are for "Help Wanted," etc.

For Rent

FOR RENT—Office rooms in the Empire Block. Apply to Loggie & Manley, Wetaskiwin. 25-4t.

TO RENT—Very modern six roomed apartment, water free, \$15.00 a month. Also suite of three rooms, suite of two rooms, and one room, water free, rent moderate. All are within five minutes' walk of post office. Apply to Mr. Hawkins, Court House Ave., 3 blocks north Pearce St. 5-4t.

Impounded

IMPOUNDED—In the pound kept by the undersigned, 2-45-23-4th, on April 6th. One black Mare, white face and white hind feet, weight 1000, aged; White mare, weight 1150, aged, no visible brands. Richard Ballhorn, Poundkeeper. 4-2t.

IMPOUNDED—In the pound kept by the undersigned, 2-45-23-4th, on about April 12, Bay Gelding, 2 years; Bay Mare, 2 years, no visible brands. Edgar Thirk, Poundkeeper, Wetaskiwin. 5-3t.

NOTICE

To Ratepayers of Div. 5, Municipality of Montgomery. You are requested to attend a meeting of Council held at 8 p.m. first Friday in May, at Paul Queen's farm, out of Millet, when municipal affairs will be discussed. A speaker from Edmonton will give an address on good roads. 4-3t. T. T. Jewine.

CITY OF WETASKIWIN

TENDERS REQUESTED

Separate sealed tenders will be received by the Secretary Treasurer up to five (5) o'clock on Tuesday, April 25th, for the following work at the Wetaskiwin cemetery:

1.—Furnishing and planting up to 150 good poplar trees about six (6) feet high. Tenders to specify price per dozen trees.

2.—Hauling up to 1000 yards of earth for filling up low ground. Earth can be secured within few yards of Cemetery property, and wheel scrapers can be used to advantage. Tenders to specify price per yard.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

For further information apply to J. S. Watson, Supt. Public Works, Atty. G. L. Gohard, Chairman of Cemetery committee.

J. E. Fraser, Secy. Treas.

The man who lives for himself alone certainly has very little to live for.

Stanley Hall returned Sunday morning from Loughheed, where he has been working on the farm holdings of the well-known Col. Daly. Stanley is leaving this week for the Pacific coast.

Wetaskiwin Markets

April 18th, 1923	
No. 1 Northern	83
No. 2 Northern	96
No. 3 Northern	91
No. 4 Northern	73
Rye	49
Barley	45
Oats	37
Steers	3.00
Cows	2.90
Hogs	9.25
Sheep	5.00
Lambs	10.00
Eggs	14
Butter	25
Potatoes	50

GET IT AT

THE FAIR

U.F.A. Block

Fancy Goods, China, Groceries

Small Hardware, Stationery

Farm For Rent

The James McLaughlin Farm, one mile south of Mahmo Store, containing 639 acres, to rent. For terms and particulars apply to

Chas. D. Enman,

3-4th Authorized Trustee

NOTICE TO CREDITORS AND CLAIMANTS

In the Estate of William Henry Mast, late of Brightview, Alberta, Farmer, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims upon the estate of the above named William Henry Mast, who died on the second day of November, 1922, are required to file with Thomas M. Gehan, of Brightview, Alberta, Executor of the above estate, or with the undersigned solicitors, by the first day of June, 1923, a full statement duly verified of their claims and of any securities held by them, and that after that date the executors will distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which notice has been so filed or which have been brought to their knowledge.

Dated this 11th day of April, 1923.
Loggie & Manley,
Wetaskiwin, Alberta,
Solicitors for Executor.

MORTGAGE SALE

OF FARM PROPERTY, NEAR GWYNNE, ALBERTA

Pursuant to the directions of the Registrar and by virtue of the Powers of Sale provided by "The Land Titles Act," under a certain mortgage which will be produced at the time of sale, there will be offered for sale by public auction at the Post Office in the City of Wetaskiwin, in the Province of Alberta, on Saturday, the 12th day of May, 1923, at the hour of 2:00 o'clock in the afternoon, the following property, namely:

All the North-East quarter of Section Thirteen (13) lying east and west of Battle River, containing One Hundred and Forty (140) acres more or less, and the North-West quarter of Section Thirteen containing One Hundred and Sixty (160) acres more or less, both in Township Forty-Five (45) Range Twenty-Three (23) West of the Fourth Meridian, also the South West quarter of Section Twenty-Four (24) lying east and west of Battle River, containing One Hundred and Forty-Six (146) acres more or less, and the South-West quarter of Section Twenty-Four (24) containing One Hundred and Sixty (160) acres more or less, both in Township Forty-Five (45) Range Twenty-Three (23) West of the Fourth Meridian, (Total lands containing Six Hundred and Six (606) acres more or less) bearing thereon mortgages and minerals and subject to the exceptions, reservations and conditions in the original grant from the Crown and in the existing Certificate of Title.

Terms of sale to be twenty per cent cash at time of the sale and the balance according to the terms and conditions to be made known at the time of sale or upon application to the vendors' solicitors.

The above property will be offered for sale subject to a sealed reserved bid and free from all encumbrances, save taxes for the current year.

The vendor is informed that the above property is situated about eight miles from Gwynne Railway Station and consists of 200 acres of open land, 200 acres of cultivated land, 100 acres of brush, 50 acres of poplar and 50 acres of side hills, river bottom and sloughs. There is 6 miles of fencing and the soil is black loam with clay subsoil. The property is watered by a good drill well also river crossing land. Buildings consist of Frame House, Frame Stable, Shed, Engine House, Granary, all attached, Frame Stable and Log House, and Frame Chicken House. 200 acres were under cultivation in 1922.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, apply to Griesbach, O'Connor & Company, Solicitors, 10072 Jasper Avenue, Edmonton, Alberta.

Dated at Edmonton, in the Province of Alberta, this 3rd day of April, A.D. 1923.

Griesbach, O'Connor & Company,
Vendor's Solicitors.

Approved: (Sgd) "A. T. Kinnaird,"
Dep. Registrar. 5-3t.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS AND CLAIMANTS

In the Estate of Robert M. McGarver, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims upon the estate of the above named Robert M. McGarver, late of Noville, Iowa, who died on or about the 15th day of September, 1922, are required to file with Short, Cross, Maclean & McBride, Solicitors for the Administrators, 10114 100a St., Edmonton, Alberta, by the 11th day of May, A.D. 1923, a full statement, duly verified, of their claims and of any securities held by them, and that after that date the said Administrators will distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which notice has been so filed or which have been brought to their knowledge.

Dated at Edmonton, this 13th day of April, A.D. 1923.

Short, Cross, Maclean & McBride,
Solicitors for the Administrators
10114 100a Street,
Edmonton, Alberta. 5-3t.

MILLET

Arrangements are now under way for the proposed crematory for Millet. Millet has been long suffering in regard to a crematory, and now that someone has started something it appears that all the crematories in the universe have been notified as if by miracle, and there are representatives from a number and they all seem surprised that the busy town of Millet ever needed a crematory. By the time we get through there will be one on every corner.

We understand there is a company being formed of Calgary capital to buy lake front property at Pigeon Lake and subdivide same into lots. There will also be steam launches, and a dancing pavilion. A motor bus will run from Millet and Wetaskiwin. The Mutual Oil well has started drilling again and have a night and day shift.

Large quantities of lumber are being shipped from Millet daily.

Mrs. Kary and Miss Doane returned from California where they have been for the last three months.

Millet Oddfellows are putting on their yearly social on Friday night, April 20. Card party, box social and dance will be the evening's entertainment. Ladies bring baskets.

The concert of last Friday night was attended by a fair sized audience considering that there were many other counter attractions, and it being the second presentation of the play. These assisting in the program were Miss Lena Higginson of Wetaskiwin, who held the entire audience charmed by her excellent reading; Mr. G. Geldert, also of Wetaskiwin, who delighted the audience again and again with his beautiful, clear, mellow tenor voice, and whom we all sincerely hope will soon sing for us again. Miss Mona Cottrell sang a very beautiful solo, while the ladies trio by Mrs. A. A. Dickson, Mrs. J. Easterbrook and Miss Ruby Olney was indeed well appreciated.

The pastor wishes to thank all the members of the play and choruses as well as all those who have contributed to the success of the entertainment.

The members of the Ladies' Aid Society gave Mrs. H. Moffatt a farewell surprise at the home of Mrs. A. Dowler when they presented her with a beautiful cut glass butter dish and knife, as a slight token of the very high esteem in which she has been held. Mrs. Moffatt has been a very energetic worker in the society as well as in all other church activities. Mrs. Moffatt too, very kindly and congenial manner and ever ready willingness to assist in all good work as well as her deep interest in every kind of sport will leave a gap that will be hard to fill. They are leaving for their former home in Missouri this week, but they will be followed by the best of wishes of a host of friends.

Mrs. Geo. Savalaga of St. Albert, is in town renewing old acquaintances, being the guest of Mrs. H. H. H. The Porto Bella ladies' circle are holding a sale of home made articles and a beautiful large wool comforter. A choice program will be given in the school, and a free lunch will be served to all who come. Do not fail to remember the date—it's on Arbor day—Monday, May 7th, in the evening. Get your car ready and bring all you can of people and money.

Services for Sunday, April 22, will be: Larch Tree 11:30 a.m.; Hillsdale, 2:00 p.m.; Millet, 7:30 a.m.; Sunday school at 11:00 a.m. in the Methodist church. You are welcome to these services.

Sunday April — will be congregational Sunday in which reports of the state of the work will be given. Special music.

The pastor, Rev. I. N. Higginson expects to hold a special baptismal service at the Spring Hill school on Friday evening at 8 p.m. April 27. This will be the last visit before the district meeting.

We are glad to welcome home again Mrs. Wm. Kary and "Millet" and Miss Gladys Doane, who have been spending the winter in the sunny south. Mrs. Doane is expected home shortly. We regret to learn of the serious illness of Miss Margaret McLean, who has had to give up her university studies, and is just now slowly recovering from her severe attack of nervous prostration. We all hope for a speedy and permanent recovery.

A list of those contributing to the defraying of the hospital expenses of Master George Skye is unavoidably left out this week.

among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which notice has been so filed or which have been brought to their knowledge.

Dated at Edmonton, this 13th day of April, A.D. 1923.

Short, Cross, Maclean & McBride,
Solicitors for the Administrators
10114 100a Street,
Edmonton, Alberta. 5-3t.

ALBERTA FAIR DATES

Dates for the agricultural fairs of Alberta for this year were set at the faira convention at Calgary, and are here given:

Calgary—July 9 to 14.
Edmonton—July 16 to 21.
Red Deer—July 23 to 25.
Camrose—July 26 to 28.
Lloydminster—July 30, Aug. 1.
Vermilion—Aug. 2, 3.
Grassland—Aug. 3, 4.
Fort Saskatchewan—Aug. 6, 7.
Kilgus—Aug. 9, 10.
Winnifred—July 19, 20.
Taber—July 25, 27.
Graham—July 30, 31.
Charlestown—Aug. 1.
Steady—Aug. 2.
Lethbridge—Aug. 1, 2.
Nanton—Aug. 7, 8.
MacLeod, Aug. 8, 9.
High River—Aug. 9, 10.
Raymond—Aug. 7, 8.
Magrath—Aug. 10, 11.
Cardston—Aug. 13, 15.
Okotoks—Aug. 14.
Peach Creek—Aug. 15, 16.
Oyen—July 24, 25.
Chinook—July 26, 27.
Youngstown—July 31, Aug. 1.
Sibbald—Aug. 2.
Richdale—Aug. 3.
Hanna—Aug. 7.
Dye-Moor (Hartshorn)—Aug. 8.
Manness—Aug. 9.
Big Valley—Aug. 10, 11.
Strome-Killam—July 30, 31.
Goose Creek—Aug. 1.
Daysland—Aug. 1, 2.
Sedgewick—Aug. 3, 4.
Wetaskiwin, July 30, 31, Aug. 1.
Lacombe—Aug. 2, 4.
Innisfail—Aug. 6, 7.
Leduc—Aug. 7, 8.
Bowden—Aug. 8.
Olde—Aug. 9, 10.
Innisfail—Aug. 21, 22.
Sangued—Aug. 22.
Greencourt—Aug. 25.
Onaway—Aug. 25.
Westlock—Aug. 31.
Paddle River—Sept. 4.
Nahmum and Shon—Sept. 5.
Mid-Pembina—Sept. 7.
Mossie—Sept. 8.
Trochu—Aug. 7, 8.
Swatwell—Aug. 9, 10.
Bashaw—Aug. 9, 10.
Donald—Aug. 10, 11.
Hays (Louisiana)—Aug. 15, 16.
Alta—Aug. 16, 17.
Lake Shalston—Aug. 9, 10.
Spirit River—Aug. 15.
Waterloo—Aug. 17, 18.
Dear Lake—Aug. 22, 23.
Peace River—Aug. 24, 25.
Grande Prairie—Aug. 28, 29.
Lomond—July 25.
Relay—July 26, 27.
Chauvin—Aug. 1.
Edgerton—Aug. 3.
Landon and Bow River—Aug. 3.
Pride and Millerville—Aug. 4.
Carmungay—Aug. 6, 7.
Provost—Aug. 7, 8.
Coronation—Aug. 9.
Custer, Aug. 10, 11.
Irma—Aug. 14, 15.
Wainwright—Aug. 16.
Telford—Aug. 17.
Ponoka—Aug. 15, 16.
Rimbey—Aug. 17.
Honeyville and Durlingville—Aug. 22.
St. Paul—Aug. 20.
Rochester—Aug. 30.
Colinton—Aug. 31.
Bry Creek—Sept. 7.

Patricia—Sept. 10, 11.
Brooks—Sept. 12, 13.
Three Hills—Sept. 12.
Rowley—Sept. 13.
Milton—Sept. 19.
James River and Eagle Valley (Lobley)—Sept. 2.
Cochrane—Sept. 20, 21.
Stettler—July 2, 3.
Crossfield—July 4, 5.
Donato—July 31.
Lamont—Aug. 14.

Morinville—Aug. 15, 16.
Rocky Mountain—Aug. 27, 28.
Sunny Plain—Aug. 28, 29.
Edson—Aug. 31.
Thorhild—Aug. 31.
Wapartee—Sept. 19.
Innate—Sept. 18, 19.
Medicine Hat—Sept. 4, 5.

When man's stomach works harder than his hands, everything will be a bore to him sooner or later.

REVOLUTION

IS STARTED BY THE SWIFT-
CANADIAN CREAMERIES

IN CREAM-BUYING

NEW BUYING SYSTEM

Means Thousands of Dollars

For Dairy Farmers

All Cream Buying Middlemen have been eliminated by us—no agents, boosters, or solicitors. They used to cost us about 2c per pound butterfat. This money will in future be given by us to the dairy farmers in Higher Cream Prices.

All our Cream Prices in Future will be on an F.O.B. Edmonton basis, and the amount we formerly paid for express charges will be added by us on to the price we pay for Cream. This new policy equalises the burden. The man who sends us a full can does not have to bear part of the burden of the man who ships only half a can.

NEW CREAM PRICES

Under this Policy

Special	39c
No. 1	37c
No. 2	34c
Off Grade	29c

Swift Canadian

CREAMERIES LIMITED

Edmonton

Alberta

FOR SALE

No. 2 C.W. Oats (cleaned) per bushel 63c
No. 2 C.W. Oats (not cleaned) per bushel 60c
No. 3 C.W. Oats (not cleaned) per bushel 55c
No. 3 Barley, (not cleaned) per bushel 67c

ALBERTA PACIFIC GRAIN CO.

Thos. Toreson, Agent

Phone 159



The Golf Season is just commencing. We can fit out golfers who are taking up the game with a nice set of clubs, — a driver, midiron, mashie and putter \$15.00 Set

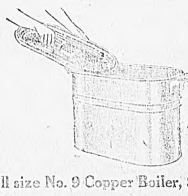
We are agents for the famous "Kraflite" golf ball. Try one and see the added distance you will get to your drives.

Price 75c

We are agents for "Simmons" famous Beds and Sanitary Mattresses.

When you are considering buying a new bed or mattress, come in and see us, we carry a complete line.

Priced from \$6.50 to \$30.00



Full size No. 9 Copper Boiler, \$5.50

Roulstone Bros.

Hardware

Furniture

Edmonton Weekly News Bulletin

Making Dreams Come True

Are you saving for—the house you hope to own, the travelling you long to do, the business you want to buy, the comfortable retirement you hope to enjoy?

Open a savings account at any branch of this Bank, and your regular deposits will prove the key to realization of your dreams.

IMPERIAL BANK

WETASKIWIN BRANCH N. W. WRIGHT, Manager
Branches at Mill-4, Perintash and New Norway.

GEO. L. OWEN

AUCTIONEER AND VALUATOR

where Auction is not required

FURNITURE HARNESS WAGONS

and in fact everything in the Second Hand line HIGHEST PRICES PAID

YOURS FOR BUSINESS

GEO. L. OWEN

Phone 33

FARM LOANS

We have money to loan on improved farms at current rates of interest.

Prompt service.

IF YOU NEED A FARM LOAN, SEE US.

C. D. SMITH & CO.

Railway St. West.

Wetaskiwin

ARE YOU MAKING THE NECESSARY PLANS?

to improve your buildings, or to build that new house or barn? Is there some way in which we can assist you? Call at our yard and give us the opportunity of rendering our services.

We have made arrangements with expert builders to send booklets on houses, barns, etc. to anyone who is figuring on building.

Come right into our office and talk it over.

The Imperial Lumber Co. Ltd.

Pioneer Lumber Dealers

Wm. Berry, Agt.

O. I. C. MELLETT & CO.

Wetaskiwin's Up-to-date Sheet Metal Workers and Furnace Men are still on the Job.

Save Money by Seeing Our Lines of
PIPELESS FURNACES

Stock Tanks and Tank Heaters always on hand
All jobbing attended to while you wait

WETASKIWIN

ALTA.

FREE AIR FOR YOUR TIRES

MOBILE AND POLARINE OIL
Of any grade desired, in any loads, barrels, or gallon lots. Call here for your supply.

GET YOUR TIRES NOW BEFORE THE ADVANCE IN PRICES
We are agents for Dunlop, Dominion and Ames-Holmes.

WE REPAIR ANY MAKE OF CARS
FORD AND CHEVROLET SERVICE STATION
OXY-ACETYLENE WELDING
in connection with garage. All work done promptly.

AUTOMOBILE WORK A SPECIALTY
AUTO LIVERY AT ALL HOURS

Careful drivers Licensed Chauffeurs
Call for special Service Car for prompt assistance.
PHONES
Office, 50. E. E. Ness residence, 301. Eric Carlson residence, 293

THE WETASKIWIN GARAGE

Ness & Carlson, Props.

PEARCE STREET EAST

WETASKIWIN

Alberta Coal in the East

Perhaps the event of the greatest potential value to Alberta—and to all of Canada—during the past few days, has been the splendid receipt by which important interests in Ontario have given Alberta's trial shipments of coal.

If the question of fair and reasonable transportation costs can be solved then it looks like the dawn of a new era of industrial development for this province. If Alberta and Ontario can get together on this proposition, it will be beneficial all along the line—helping the mining industry here, producing traffic for the transportation companies, and benefitting consumers and industries in Ontario and Quebec. These two provinces are said to import annually \$90,000,000 worth of coal. It would be a good piece of business for Canada if that money could be spent in Canada, instead of the bulk of it going to the outside. The development of inter-provincial trade in coal may be a means of saving some of Canada's big schemes. Alberta's representatives in the east have wired Premier Greenfield that they had an encouraging interview with Sir Harcourt Thompson on the question of transportation.

Provincial Secretary's Report
The annual report of the Provincial secretary was presented to the house last week.

Total revenue in the secretary's branch was \$2,983,246.84, as compared with \$1,698,849.89 in 1921. Amusement tax admissions in Edmonton numbered 1,925,738 for 1922. Calgary was next with 1,879,949; Lethbridge 275,384; Medicine Hat, 166,036; other places, 1,321,072, or a total for the province of 5,571,179, compared with 7,019,232 in 1921.

Companies incorporated and registered during the year numbered 234 with a capitalization of \$9,524,000. Automobile licenses issued numbered 39,964, an increase of 112 over 1921. Attendance at the professional hockey games added considerable revenue to the provincial coffers under the amusement tax. This revenue from all sources of amusement in the towns and cities coming under the tax amounted to \$659.53 a day or \$15,327.80 a month.

Life and fire insurance contributed a largely enhanced taxation revenue to the province last year under the heavier scale imposed by the government last session, the increase in the former being \$63,878.78, and in the latter \$15,039.59. The total taxes paid by each respectively in 1922 were \$15,540.23, and \$72,131.24. Tax paid \$36,900, as against \$94,500 in 1921. Elevator companies under the new tax paid \$37,500. Altogether under the Corporations tax act the province garnered \$462,691.33, against \$329,839.72, the previous year.

These statistics were contained in the annual report of the provincial secretary, tabled by Premier Greenfield in the legislature Saturday. The vehicle tax was \$716,873.25 last year and \$718,531.30 in 1921. Although the amusement tax was increased last session the \$185,933.61 revenue in 1922 was only \$2,339.93 in excess of the 1921 receipts. The new gasoline tax yielded \$185,113.53. The railway millage tax returned \$188,530.00. Although the tax on coal was advanced last year from five cents to ten cents a ton, \$232,639 obtained was only \$6,762 over 1921 collections. "Thirty-nine branches of chartered banks closed during the year. Some of these came about through the amalgamation of banking institutions. Grain shipments via Vancouver. A total of 13,093,660 bushels of grain were handled at the terminal elevator at Vancouver during 1922, according to a statement made by Hon. J. A. Robb, minister of trade and commerce. Of this amount 12,968,088 bushels were wheat. Total receipts at the elevator were \$171,273 and total expenditure \$73,868.

An experimental consignment of one thousand barrels of flour has left Vancouver for Panama. It is expected that this business will develop.

The Western Pacific Grain Elevator and Terminal company has leased waterfront property for the purpose of erecting a grain elevator.

Wool Prices Advance

W. H. Tisdale, assistant general manager of the Canadian Cooperative Wool Growers, Limited, who was one of the judges at the Edmonton Spring Show this week, looks out very favorable prospects for the wool business for 1923. Mr. Tisdale looks for prices for the well graded western range wools from 30c to 40c per lb. The world's market is short on wool. He thinks that the ranches in the south, and the farmers throughout the province who run small flocks as an adjunct to diversified farming, can look forward to better prices than have prevailed during the past couple of years. Alberta sheep fed on grain screenings at Ft. William, found good

markets at Toronto on March 20, 40c per pound live weight, the highest averaging 50 to 60 pounds each. Bush wool and lamb prices are well advanced over the depressed levels of 1922 and are better than the prices prevailing in January, 1914, before the war.

Women's Institute Convention
The dates of the annual convention of the Alberta Women's Institutes have been set for May 28th to 31st inclusive, this event to take place at the University of Alberta, Edmonton. The Women's Institutes convention will be preceded by that of the Women's Institutes Girls' Club, which will be held at the University of Alberta, May 26th and 27th. This was decided by the provincial advisory board, which met with Hon. George Hoadley, minister of agriculture, H. A. Craig, deputy minister, and Miss Jessie MacMillan, director of extension service, last week in Edmonton. A tentative program has been drawn up, and the following speakers have consented to address the convention: Hon. Geo. Hoadley, H. A. Craig, Mrs. Arthur Murphy and Mrs. Nellie McCune, and other speakers to be announced later. There will be an exhibit of household products, work from the Women's Exchange at Edmonton, and a handicraft exhibit made by students from one of the agricultural schools for this occasion.

The provincial fund, which is being maintained to provide a railway fare for one delegate from each branch, has been coming in rather slowly, and prospects are that this will only be sufficient to cover one-half the railway fare from each branch. Institutes are urged to send in their installment as soon as possible.

The delegates will be billeted at the University of Alberta at a cost of \$2.50 per day, while the convention meetings will be held in Convocation hall.

Every Institute is urged to send at least one delegate to the convention as the program this year is considered by the advisory board to be one of the most interesting and inspirational planned yet.

In the Legislature
A considerable portion of the Legislature's work during the past week has been devoted to the consideration of the estimates in committee of the whole, and substantial progress has been made.

On Wednesday Hon. Mr. Brownlee introduced a bill to "Facilitate the adjustment of agricultural debts."

A bill to amend the School Act was read a second time and committed to Committee of the whole House.

The Bills of Sale Act, amendments to the Town Act, an act respecting the sale of Fernald's, an act respecting Bird Sanctuaries, amendments to the agricultural department act, were considered in committee of the whole on Wednesday.

On Thursday several of these bills came up for third reading. Mr. Justice Stuart, representing Lieutenant Governor Brett, who is in eastern Canada, gave assent to eighteen bills, several of which had just been given a third reading. Fifty-eight bills passed at this session have been assented to.

Lots of men who claim to have come from fine families appear to be a long way from home.

Try the classified advertisements and you will be surprised with the results. Others are using them with success every week in the year.

After Every Meal
WIGLEYS
The Great Canadian Sweetener
provides pleasant action for your teeth, also penetrating the crevices and cleansing them.
Then, too, it aids digestion.
Use WIGLEY'S after every meal—see how much better you will feel.
The Flavor Lasts

FINISHING STEERS FOR THE MARKET

The removal of the embargo has resulted in a keen demand from Ontario and British Columbia for Canadian cattle. The question now is can Canadian feeders maintain a regular supply of cattle which will keep this channel of trade open? The percentage during the past year of cattle that have been it for export has been alarmingly small. This must be rectified if the British market is to be supplied. The present would appear to be the opportune time for development of the Canadian cattle industry. There are extensive tracts of wild land that can be utilized for pasturing large numbers of cattle. It is now recognized in the grain farming districts that a continuation of profitable grain growing can only be made possible by adoption of some crop rotation. Simultaneous with the introductions of crop rotations would have been the owners of stock to consume the rough feeds that will be produced. This means an increase in the cattle population of the Dominion. It must at the outset be realized, however, by Canadian breeders, feeders and exporters that the rough market can be secured in a fairly good way only by supplying the right type of animals properly finished. A survey of the Canadian market shows that a large percentage of beef animals are marketed lacking in proper finishing. These cattle properly finished would have brought the owners a considerable margin of profit. The experience of cattle feeders in the middle states goes to prove the correctness of this. They buy Canadian cattle, pay commission charges, import duty and freight haul, feed the steers on high priced feeds, and then show over a period of years a substantial profit.

The experimental station at Scott has recently issued Pamphlet No. 17, Second Series, which deals with the results of experiments in finishing steers for market. The experiments reported on are conducted during the period 1916 to 1922. During this time 121 steers were fattened with an average profit over feed cost of \$18.37 per head, or a total of \$1966.37. During the fall of 1922 a new barn costing \$1500 was erected and the profit from a lot of steers fed therein paid for more than one-third of the cost of the building. In the experiments hay, straw, silage, grain, etc., were all charged for at full market prices. The profits secured from these experiments during the past years have been made possible by an average increase in spring prices over autumn prices of \$2.42 per hundred weight. The average returns for oat fed steers when all other feeds were charged at market prices amounted to \$1.07 per bushel.

While a well planned, well equipped stable is useful, the experiments at Scott in housing steers have shown animals fed inside a straw shed to make just as good gains as those fed in the more expensive building, and greater gains than those more exposed to weather conditions.

Strawfed silage has been used for feeding steers, with good results. The animals fed silage have on an average sold for higher figures than those not receiving this feed. This is due to

a more uniform finish on the silage fed animals. It has been found that silage can be grown in the driest years, so that a dependable supply of feed can be secured. This is important in the drier districts. It is a feed that can be cheaply produced, and where a trench or other underground silo is used it can be cheaply stored. Silage fed to steers is shown in Pamphlet No. 17 to be worth from \$6.16 to \$14.91 per ton. Hornless steers are shown to make more rapid gains than those horned just before going in the feed lot. Removal of horns is considered necessary in order to ensure the safety of the animals in the feed lot and to secure the margin paid by dealers for deborned animals. Dehorning the calves by use of caustic potash is recommended.

Pamphlet No. 17, second series, on Finishing Steers for Market, and Circular No. 107, on Growing Feeds for Winter Feeding Beef Cattle, may be secured free on application to the Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa, or to the Dominion Experimental Station, Scott, Sask.

The Classified Way
The Classified Ads will obtain for you just as good results as if you personally interviewed every person who reads it. If you have anything to sell, exchange buy or trade, then use the classified advertisement section.

More people are leaving tire tracks than footprints these days.

MAKE MONEY AT HOME
We want you in business. Furnish everything. You make 1 to 2 dollars an hour at home on your spare time. No canvassing or soliciting. We guarantee to teach you how to make money by our new Simple Method and pay cash cost by our first order. Write for Illustrated Booklet and Terms Free. DETROIT SHOW BUILDING, 228 LEAD SECURITY BLDG. Toronto, Ont.

Why Fear Child Birth
Dr. J. M. Dyer, expert obstetrician, 200 West 1st St., Winnipeg, has discovered a new method of relieving the pain and suffering of women in labor, and has secured the right to practice this method in all provinces of Canada. A simple, inexpensive, harmless method of relieving the pain and suffering of women in labor, and has secured the right to practice this method in all provinces of Canada. Write for FREE BOOKLET. Address: Dr. J. M. Dyer, 200 West 1st St., Winnipeg, Man.

Fretful Little SKIN SUFFERERS
Fretful crying babies are often upon examination, found to be suffering from some form of skin irritation or "heat." Zani-Buk-Nature's paraffin balm, is a magical soother and healer for these troublesome skin troubles.

"Mother! Save your little ones lots of unnecessary suffering by using this grand herbal Zani-Buk," says Mrs. F. Gervais, of 136, Bleury St., Montreal. "The rash on my baby's skin made her very fidgety and caused her to lose weight. When the doctor's lotion had failed, I took the child to a second medical man but with no better result. A friend urged me to get Zani-Buk, and in a week's time this balm soothed and purified baby's skin and made it look much better. Before the month it brought it to beautifully soft healthy condition. \$9 worth of Zani-Buk did this when \$80 of doctor's treatment failed." Get Zani-Buk from your dealer to-day!

More people are leaving tire tracks than footprints these days.

Beecham's Pills
Keep you fit

Zani-Buk
MOTHERS BEST FRIEND

Reports on Canada's Crops
At frequent intervals throughout the season the Bank of Montreal issues reports on the progress of the crops in Canada. These reports, telegraphed to headquarters from the Managers of the Bank's 600 Branches, cover every Province and form a reliable index of crop conditions.

The reports are furnished free. Upon request at any Branch of the Bank your name will be placed on our mailing list.
BANK OF MONTREAL
Total Assets in Excess of \$600,000,000.00

MACDONALD'S BRIER
The Tobacco with a heart
PACKAGES 15¢
1/2 lb. TIN NOW 80¢

PROFESSIONAL

MEDICAL

R. D. ROBERTSON, M.D., C.M.

Specialty: Surgery
Phone 79

Office at residence, Pearce St.

A. S. McCOLGAN, M.D.C.M.

Phone 2

Specialty—Obstetrics

Office—Corner of Alberta and Pearce Streets

DR. D. J. SWEENEY

Office—Over Star Store

Residence—Lorne St. W.

Special Attention to Diseases of Lungs
Phone 108. Wetaskiwin

DR. PLANT

Millet. Phone 22

DR. S. MCGIBBON

Formerly Assistant General Hospital,

Vienna, Austria.

Postgraduate of London

Specialist in Surgery of

Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat, Head and Neck

X-Ray

401 Taylor Building, Edmonton

4222 and 23559

DENTISTRY

DR. H. G. HOARE

Dental Surgeon

Office Phone 95 Residence Phone 217

Opposite Driard Hotel

CHIROPRATIC

DR. B. L. GULLEKSON, D.C.

Office—Over Star Store

Office Hours—10 to 12. 2 to 5

Other hours by appointment

Phone 194. Wetaskiwin

NURSING

NURSE E. M. IRWIN

Will take Nursing Engagements

in the City or Country. Confinement

cases a Specialty.

For particulars, call at residence.

Charges reasonable.

338 Stanley St. West, Wetaskiwin

LEGAL

E. D. H. WILKINS

Barrister, Solicitor, Notary, Etc.

Company and Private Funds to Loan

Office over Merchants Bank

LOGGIE & MANLEY

W. J. Loggie, R. W. Manley

Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, Etc.

Money to Loan

Office—Over Imperial Bank

ODELL & RUSSELL

Barristers, Solicitors and Notaries

Private and Company Funds to Loan

W. H. Odell, K.C. C. H. Russell

Office—Star Store Block

ALEXANDER KNOX

Barrister, Solicitor and Notary

Office—Compton Block

I. B. Howatt, K.C. B. D. Howatt

HOWATT & HOWATT

Head office: 728 Tupper Bldg. Edm.

Solicitors, Etc.

Real Estate and Loans

W. A. McKnight, Agent

119 Pearce St. West, Wetaskiwin

VIOLIN TEACHER

WM. M. T. MOUCHE

Teacher of Violin

(Graduate of Chicago Musical College)

At Mrs. Jay Peltier's every Monday

For terms apply to Mrs. J. Peltier,

Phone 135. Wetaskiwin

VETERINARY

DR. W. DUDGEON

Veterinary Surgeon

Graduate Ontario Veterinary College

and Toronto School of Dentistry

Treats Diseases of Domestic Animals

Dulham, Alberta

WETASKIWIN VETERINARY HOSPITAL

Dr. N. A. Johnson, V.S., Proprietor

Specialist in Veterinary Surgery

Office at Johnson's Livery Barn, Lorne

Street East, Wetaskiwin

TAXIDERMIST

OTTO SCHOENING

(License No. 11)

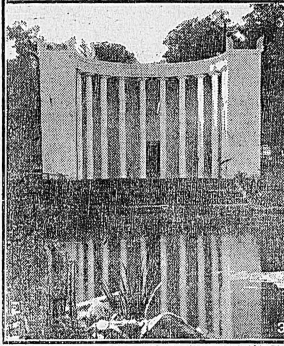
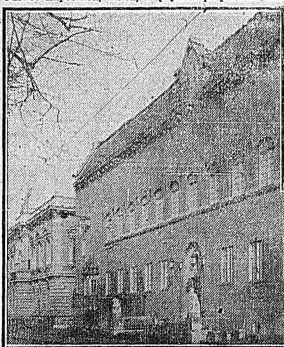
Mounting of Birds, Animals

Game Heads, etc.

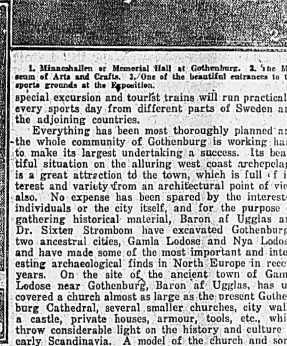
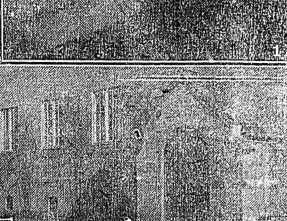
R.R. 1, Wetaskiwin. NB-28-46-23-1

Canadians Will Visit Gothenburg Exposition

WHAT is planned to be the greatest and most interesting exposition ever held in Scandinavia will be held in the old Swedish seaport of Gothenburg from May 8th to September 30th next. Most of those who are touring Europe this year will endeavor to include Gothenburg in their itinerary, and thousands will probably go to Sweden from all parts of the world for the specific purpose of visiting the Jubilee Exposition, which, in physical proportions and



variety of exhibits will be the greatest ever held north of the Baltic. The grounds cover over 15 acres, and in addition to historical, cultural and other exhibitions ranging from fine-arts to exports, numerous international meetings will be held; automobile and aviation meets, printing and journalistic congresses and athletic and gymnastic competitions, etc. Foreign athletes are being provided with transportation by the authorities, and such an interest is being taken in the games that



variety of exhibits will be the greatest ever held north of the Baltic. The grounds cover over 15 acres, and in addition to historical, cultural and other exhibitions ranging from fine-arts to exports, numerous international meetings will be held; automobile and aviation meets, printing and journalistic congresses and athletic and gymnastic competitions, etc. Foreign athletes are being provided with transportation by the authorities, and such an interest is being taken in the games that

Sam's Wild Horse Ride

(Continued from page 2)

of the rim and with a short and a great forward bound leaped over. There was a jump-off there, but it was only five feet high. Sam had jumped mounts off worse places than that when chasing bands of wild horses, and so he managed to sit tight when the stallion landed below the slope. All the boy knew then was that he was riding a wild horse down over rocks and brush and that there was the rim of a cliff two hundred yards below. He perceived that he was humped in on either side by deep impassable gullies.

Then as suddenly as things happen when you're running a horse downhill Sam's stallion leaped over a ledge and landed with a great scattering of small rocks in a shale slide. The slide was about ten feet wide, and the stallion sinking into it to his knees, settled back on his haunches to keep from falling over.

A horse always seeks firm footing, a slide is something he despises. But Sam knew that a slide is a place where a horse can descend a hill with little chance of hurting himself or his rider. So when Iron Grey tried to flounder out, Sam with a sudden dip pulled in the backmore rein. Jerked him round and headed him straight forward. The slide ended in a broad notch in the rim of the cliff, and the boy instantly chose it for better or worse as the place to go over.

Bounding, snorting, floundering, scattering piles of shale in all directions, Iron Grey plunged downward. He fought desperately to turn to either side, but Sam, jerking on the backmore rein always at just the right moment, kept him going straight ahead.

As they neared the notch in the rim of the cliff the broad slide, flowing downward out ahead, sent a great stream of fragments on over the edge. Whether it was a chasm or just a jump-off, whether there was sand or shale or a mixed edge to land on, Sam didn't know.

When he was almost on the brink, Iron Grey sank belly deep into the sliding mass of rock fragments, and Sam could easily have stepped out of the saddle. But he stayed in, and gave the stallion the quirt. With a snort and a huge Iron Grey gathered himself; then, finding firm footing at the edge, he made a splendid flying leap. Down, down, they went with Sam's saddle strings and Iron Grey's

STROUT CATALOGUE

FINE ADVERTISING

FOR THIS DISTRICT

One of the most informative and attractive pieces of advertising literature that has ever found its way to the desk of the editor of this paper is the Spring Catalogue of the E. A. Strout Farm Agency, which has just come to hand. From cover to cover this booklet is a model of fine typographical arrangement, splendidly illustrated with scenes familiar to the Canadian farmer, and overflowing with information and statistics to show that agriculture is Canada's most valuable industry, and that on a Canadian farm is a mighty good place to live. A full page is given in the catalogue to the advantages of Wetaskiwin and district. This is splendid advertising for this district, and it should mean many new people and much new capital for investment hereabouts. Mr. L. H. Newville is the representative of the company in Wetaskiwin and with the backing of a world-wide organization such as this behind him, he ought to be able to do a good deal for this part of the country.

snowy mane floating straight upward. It was a sheer jump-off of fifteen feet, but they landed on shale, Iron Grey, with the wild goat's facility for landing from high places—which is also the wild horse's—managed somehow to keep himself from keeling over. Then, aroused by a snort out of Sam's quirt, the beast floundered down another hundred feet of shale and sped on down a long rocky slope to the edge of the desert.

Dugan and I trailed the boy across the high mesa to the rim of Big Snake Basin. And there, looking off across the hazy reaches of the basin, we saw a long line of dust.

Racing at the apex of it was the wild stallion; his tall and mane were floating back like two snowy clouds, and Sam was sitting as light as a feather in the saddle.

MAKING THE GARDEN

A GOOD INVESTMENT

Thorough preparation of the soil before planting time aids greatly by increasing crop yields and, by curtailing later labor requirements. The garden should be well ploughed and sufficient surface tillage given to eliminate hard labor to the greatest extent possible. A quantity of well rotted barnyard manure should be worked into the soil every year. If the garden is a small one where only manual labor is used, the spading should be thoroughly done and the soil worked down as soon as possible after the spring. The spading fork can often be used to advantage to dig up the garden. Another garden tool that soon pays for itself is the wheeled hoe. This implement run close to the rows when the plants first appear, destroys the weeds quite close in, and thus lessens the amount of weeding. In order to use the wheeled hoe to advantage it is advisable to have the vegetables in straight rows. Sowing radish or turnip seed with slower germinating seed will permit earlier cultivation of the spaces between the rows, and early destruction of weeds means less labor. Sprouting of over a period of ten years the cost would be only about eighty cents a year.

Planting the seeds at the right time is important. Peas, onions, par-

snips, carrots, etc., can be planted

quite early. Beans, cucumbers, pump-

kins and other frost-tender vegetables

should be sown to have the young

plants break through the ground just

as danger of frost is over. Between

the time of sowing the first vegeta-

bles and the more tender kinds, beets,

cobs, corn and numerous other veg-

etables can be sown.

For many years the experimental farms have been making tests of varieties of vegetables. The results of these experiments are published in the annual reports issued by each station.

To illustrate the necessity of selecting suitable varieties the results of some experiments conducted at the Scott station last year might be quoted. Marston beans gave eleven times the yield obtained from Ruffage or from the variety known as 1000 to 1. A select strain of Detroit Dark Red beets gave almost double the yield secured from the Long Smooth Round variety. The Kidney cabbage gave nearly twice the yield secured from Succession. Howes Alberta Flint table corn gave about eight times the yield of Golden Bantam, a variety of excellent quality but too late for this district. The best yielding varieties of tomatoes gave practically double the yields obtained from the poorer sorts. The same was true with the varieties of potatoes tested. While much depends on the strain of seed secured there are certain varieties of excellent quality that year after year continue to give better returns than any other kinds.

The season for fresh vegetables can be lengthened and the profit increased by purchasing seed of more

FIVE JUDGES OF OTTAWA COURT
CONFIRM DOOM OF PICARELLO
AND HIS WOMAN ACCOMPLICE

Ottawa, April 11.—With a cold rain lashing the windows of the supreme court chambers, the five judges of the supreme court, filed into the court to deliver judgment which fixed the fate of Emil Picarello and his partner in crime, Florence Lassandro. The judgment, as spoken, was confined to the words uttered by Judge Mignault:

"The appeal is dismissed with costs."

The judges then turned, assumed their three cornered hats, and solemnly filed out again.

All the court concurred in the finding and there was a general similarity in the tenor of their written judgments. Most of the judgments went into the case at length. Judge Mignault, however, was short and conveys to the laymen with sufficient clearness why the court was of the agreed-in the guilt of the appellants.

Judge Mignault stated that never in his experience had the charge of a trial judge been subjected to closer scrutiny and more criticism than in the present case. He thought the trial judge's charge sufficiently instructed the jury on the differences between murder and manslaughter and the defenses which prisoners counsel had endeavored to substantiate in their cross examination. He did not consider that any miscarriage of justice was caused by anything the judge had said. The charge gave the jury all information necessary for the proper discharge of their duty.

All the judges agreed that there was no substantial indication and held that the accused had a fair trial and the benefit of a charge more favorable to them in some respects than a strict interpretation of the law might require.

snips, carrots, etc., can be planted quite early. Beans, cucumbers, pumpkins and other frost-tender vegetables should be sown to have the young plants break through the ground just as danger of frost is over. Between the time of sowing the first vegetables and the more tender kinds, beets, cobs, corn and numerous other vegetables can be sown.

For many years the experimental farms have been making tests of varieties of vegetables. The results of these experiments are published in the annual reports issued by each station.

To illustrate the necessity of selecting suitable varieties the results of some experiments conducted at the Scott station last year might be quoted. Marston beans gave eleven times the yield obtained from Ruffage or from the variety known as 1000 to 1. A select strain of Detroit Dark Red beets gave almost double the yield secured from the Long Smooth Round variety. The Kidney cabbage gave nearly twice the yield secured from Succession. Howes Alberta Flint table corn gave about eight times the yield of Golden Bantam, a variety of excellent quality but too late for this district. The best yielding varieties of tomatoes gave practically double the yields obtained from the poorer sorts. The same was true with the varieties of potatoes tested. While much depends on the strain of seed secured there are certain varieties of excellent quality that year after year continue to give better returns than any other kinds.

The season for fresh vegetables can be lengthened and the profit increased by purchasing seed of more

than one variety of such vegetables as beans, peas, corn, lettuce and cabbage. Improved Golden Wax beans at Scott in 1922 were fit for use on August 3rd, while Marstonpeas, the best yielding sort, were not fit for use until nine days later. In the tests with garden peas the Thax, Laxton were at their best between July 13 and 24; Laxton July 19 and 25; Reliance between July 27 and August 1; and Stratton July 29 and August 5. These four varieties if planted would give a splendid succession of green peas. The test with garden corn showed Howes Alberta Flint ready for use August 19th; Pickaninny August 24th; and Sweet Squaw September 5th. Loberg lettuce was ready for use July 19th; Marston Market July 15; and the Tully July 22nd. The Early Jersey Wakefield and Early Paris Market cabbage are always the first two sorts ready for use. Copeland Market follows later, while Kidman and Danish Ballhead make two good sorts for storing for winter.

While such vegetables as carrots, parsnips and beets can be stored in sand during the winter, there are other vegetables which are best stored by preserving. This can be accomplished by canning, drying, or with some vegetables, by fermentation and salting.

The Dominion Experimental Farms Bulletin No. 93 gives some interesting information on this subject. This bulletin, as well as the reports of the branch stations can be secured by applying to the publications branch, department of agriculture; the central experimental farm, Ottawa, or any of the branch experimental farms.

"Save the surface and you save all" Paint & Varnish

A NEW HOUSE EVERY SPRING

You can't have a new house every spring, but you can make your old house look like new.

PAINT UP WITH GOOD PAINT

The use of good paint is the whole secret. The dealers advertising their brands of paint in The Times guarantee their paints, and will give you expert advice and suggestions regarding different colors and grades for inside or outside use.

The moderate cost of painting permits the frequent change of color schemes in your rooms. But cheap paint will always look cheap. Buy only good, advertised paints that the dealers and painters stand behind.

Watch The Times for paint advertisements.

CLEAN UP!

PAINT UP!

"Save the surface and you save all" Paint & Varnish

LIFE BURDENED
BY DYSPESPSIA

Health and Happiness Come With "Fruit-a-lives"

Made From Fruit Juices and Tonics

"Fruit-a-lives", the wonderful medicine made from the juices of apples, oranges, figs and prunes, is one of the greatest means of doing good that this country of ours has ever known.

"Fruit-a-lives" is bringing health to hundreds and hundreds of people who suffer with chronic Constipation, Bloating and Dyspepsia.

Mr. Frank Hall of Wyndale, Ont., says, "I purchased a box of 'Fruit-a-lives' and began the treatment. My condition improved immediately. Dyspepsia ceased to be the burden of my life as it had been, and I was freed of Constipation."

50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c.

At dealers or sent by Fruit-a-lives Limited, Ottawa, Ont.

When you want printing done, and want it done right, bring it to The Times office where good printing is the only thing done.



BUSINESS LOCALS

***Golfers, Emma's Bookstore is handling Forgan's Golf Clubs. You should see them.

***Forgan's Golf Clubs are made at the Home of Golf. You can get them at Emma's.

***Forgan's Clubs, Silver King and Colonel Halls, at Emma's.

***A dance will be held in the Mahan hall on Friday, April 27th. The roads are good. Wetaskiwin orchestra in attendance.

***A dance will be held at Nashville, on Friday, April 27. Rodney's orchestra in attendance. Lunch will be furnished. Everybody welcome.

Maybe the second hand auto business is poor, but there always seems to be a market for used baby carriages.

CHERRY GROVE U.F.A.

The Cherry Grove U.F.A. and U.F.W. are offering \$25.00 in prizes in a gopher tail contest, to the children under the age of sixteen, in the following school districts, Angus Ridge, Battle River, Cherry Grove and Balaia. For further information apply to the teachers of these schools, or to the secretaries of the locals.

The easiest way is also the slipperiest.

Our ten favorite books would be Ten Bank Books.

The scales seem to be the only place where one can use a bad penny and get a weigh with it.

The trouble with sleeping late on Sunday is that you have a hard time getting hungry again for dinner.

An officer who doesn't know his duty is as important as a single drop of grease under a great big flapjack.

TOWN TOPICS

Ernest Shaw has left Wetaskiwin to accept a position with the Swift Canadian Co. at Edmonton.

The editor of The Times left for Banff last Thursday to take treatment for acute rheumatic fever.

The first straw hat has been seen on Pearce street. Now let the geese fly north, and somebody bring in a gopher tail.

Herb Chandler has given up his work at the Driford hotel to take a position in the implement office of E. H. L. Thomas.

Shop where you are invited to shop. The ads are your invitation to the stores of aggressive and successful business men.

The dance which was to have been held by the Peace Hill Chapter, I.O. D.E., on May 4th, has been postponed until May 18th.

Perry Zimmerman, automobile mechanic and former movie magnate, has gone to Lacombe to take up a position in Pratt's garage.

To begin a lengthy conversation, walk into any business place in the city and ask this question: "Have you made your income tax returns?"

The hospital board are holding a "500" card party at the Driford hotel on Monday, April 23. Tickets 50c each, of any member of the board.

The streets are now being sprinkled by the city water wagon. Let us hope that mother nature takes a hand in this operation before long.

The Silver Circle Class wish to thank the people of Wetaskiwin for buying their potted meats on Saturday, April 7. They hope that they enjoyed the meat, and that they will call again when the class has another sale.

A meeting of all those interested in country baseball will be held in the U.F.A. hall on Saturday, April 21, at 8 p.m. A schedule of rules and regulations has been drafted out and can be had on application to A. P. Moon.

The new golf greens are now in condition for use, and play will be going strong by the first of the week. The secretary, C. B. McMurdo, has intimated that he will be glad to issue receipts for membership fees any time now.

B. Novell has returned to Wetaskiwin and accepted a position in Ness & Carlsberg's office. He spent the winter in the Ited Deer and Lacombe districts, but prefers Wetaskiwin to either of these points, he says. Mrs. Novell and children are visiting at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Bannay, until a house is secured.

The Walla Studio has just installed an enlarging projector, said to be the latest thing in this class of equipment. Automatically (ceased for any size of enlargement, and operated with electric light under perfect control, it seems as if it couldn't help doing the work right.

The resignation of Mr. E. A. Lynch from the teaching staff of the Wetaskiwin schools, tendered last week, was considered at a special meeting of the school board held on Saturday evening last. The decision of the board was that the resignation be accepted, and efforts are now being made to secure a teacher to fill the vacancy thus caused.

The Wetaskiwin Tennis Club announce their big annual dance on Friday, May 4th, at the Blue Lantern. This night has been secured through the courtesy of the I.O.D.E. ladies postponing their dance, advertised for that evening, to a later date. The young people of this club desire your cooperation in helping to boost tennis in Wetaskiwin.

Considerable interest is being aroused by a large photograph of the pens at the Montgomery fox farm, displayed in a photographer's show case on Pearce Street. A number of spectators have announced their intention of paying the farm a visit, but we have been informed by the management that visitors at this time of year are not welcomed, this being the whelping season, when the animals have to be handled very carefully and kept quiet. It is not unusual for these animals when disturbed by the presence of strangers, to become enraged and destroy their young. After the first of June, however, it is permissible to visit the pens, and arrangements will be made for the reception of visitors after that time.

The meanest man in the world is the one who will do you dirt and then apologize before you have time to tell him what you think of him.

Send Samples of Grain To Experimental Farm For Analysis and Trial

Farmers who are growing varieties of grain, the producing power of which is in doubt, are invited to send 500-gram samples to the cereal division, Experimental farm, Ottawa, for an analysis and field trial. The data giving greatest promise will be carried over for comparison with standard varieties in subsequent years until their value can be determined. As the land at present available for this work is rather limited, samples will be included in the list in the order of their arrival. Those coming late may have to be held over for trial until next year.

The great difference which exists between different varieties in respect of their ability to give paying returns on a given farm makes it highly important that farmers check up periodically the sorts they are growing. This, of course, can be done best by trying out on the farm concerned a few of the sorts which are most highly recommended, by the nearest experimental station.

Unfortunately this sort of work requires more time than the average farmer can devote to it. In such cases it is recommended that the reverse course be taken and that samples of seed of the varieties under suspicion be sent to the experimental farm for study as above suggested. Such a course not only may lead to the acquiring of valuable information regarding the value of a given sort, but also serve to establish an intimate and direct connection between the cereal division and the farmer whom it seeks to serve. Furthermore, the experts connected with the above division recognize in the scheme a possible source from which valuable "starting points" for improved varieties may be discovered.

Samples weighing up to 12 ounces are free by mail when addressed to the Dominion Cereals. In side each package there should be a statement giving the name and address of the sender, name or names by which the variety has been known, where the seed was first obtained and when the apparent suitability of the variety for the district where grown, its susceptibility to rust or smut, ability to stand up under adverse conditions, nature of soil where grown, system of cultivation followed, and any other information which might be of interest.

Sunflowers More Valuable Than Corn In Some Districts

In the northern part of Manitoba and Saskatchewan and in practically all parts of Alberta, sunflowers are decidedly superior in yield per acre to corn. In other regions on the prairie, however, that is in the northern portions of Manitoba and Saskatchewan, corn is superior to sunflowers for ensilage purposes. Although experimental work with sunflowers has not been in progress a sufficient length of time to decide definitely where each crop is most suitable it has been thought useful to publish the available information. Comparative experiment between sunflowers and corn has been conducted only during the last three or four years, which is not a sufficient time to secure absolutely reliable results. The data must be accepted as tentative only but, inasmuch as these crops have been grown on eight experimen-

tal farms throughout the prairie, the preliminary results may be of some value.

Sunflowers are preferable to corn in regions where, on account of cool weather, the latter crop will not grow successfully. Corn requires hot weather, both during the night as well as in the day, to make satisfactory growth, while sunflowers, on the other hand, will grow well in a much cooler temperature. This is by all means the most distinguishing characteristic between the two crops.

It has been thought by some that sunflowers would resist more dry weather than would corn, but, from present indications, this supposition has proved erroneous. Corn not only requires less water to produce each pound of dry matter, but appears better able to resume growth after a protracted period of drought.

In regions where corn gives a satisfactory crop every year, there is nothing to be gained by changing to sunflowers. Indeed where corn will grow successfully it possesses some decided advantages over sunflowers. It is more drought resistant than the sunflowers, and in addition leaves the soil in a much better condition for a crop the following year.

Where there is no silo on the farm, it should be remembered, sunflowers cannot be grown to replace corn. The

latter crop may be fed as dry fodder but when sunflowers become dry they become too hard to be eaten by the stock. Therefore, on farms where there is no silo, it is useless to grow sunflowers; under such circumstances a mixture of oats and peas will give good results.

The heaviest yielding variety of sunflowers is the Giant Russian. The best results are secured by planting in rows thirty-six to forty-two inches apart and thinning the plants to from eight to ten inches apart in the row. About ten pounds of seed per acre is used although less seed would be sufficient if uniform seeding could be secured with the grain drill. There are not sufficient data yet available to say when the crop should be cut but there seems to be no value in cutting before it is one-half in flower except in regions where frost makes early cutting imperative.

**BEST OATCHOP, \$1.80 PER HUNDRED
CRUSHED OATS, \$1.75 PER HUNDRED**
And a few Bushels of Feed Oats at 58c, weighing 43 pounds to the bushel.
Screenings Chop, Bran, Shorts, Wheat Chop, Rye and Oat Chop, always on hand
The MacEachern Milling Co. Ltd.
Phone 16 Wetaskiwin

Come to the
Ladies' Curling Club Dance
In Our Parlors
FRIDAY, APRIL 20
Regular Friday night Dances Resumed Next Week
THE BLUE LANTERN (Brake's Confectionery)

THE CASH HARDWARE

A Good Place to Buy Your Spring Needs

Rakes, 75c to \$1.40	Galv. Pails, .. 60c, \$1.25
Hoes, 75c to \$1.25	Tin Pails, .. 35c to 1.35
Shovels .. Spades \$1.50	Strainer Pails, \$1.00 to \$2.50
Wheelbarrows \$6.50 to \$13.50	Creamers \$1.00 to \$2.25

Combination Pliers, special 35c
Formaldehyde, per lb 35c
Pure Manila Rope, all sizes, per lb 30c
Singletrees, ironed, from \$1.25 to \$2.25
Doubletrees, ironed, from \$2.00 to \$2.65
We carry a full line of Singletree Woods, Doubletree Woods, in plow, 2-horse, 3-horse and 4-horse, at prices from \$1.00 to \$3.00.
See Our Special Cadillac Bicycle
Priced Special at \$45.00
Fully Guaranteed

WHYTE & ORR LTD.

Norman W. Fead
Phone 40 Wetaskiwin

Snyder's Hardware

Hog Wire

726 — 6 inch stays 50c rod

Garden and Lawn Rakes

12 tooth, malleable	80c
14 tooth, malleable	90c
14 tooth, steel bow,	\$1.60
16 tooth, steel bow	\$1.75

Rubberset Paint Brushes
Priced from 25c to \$4.50

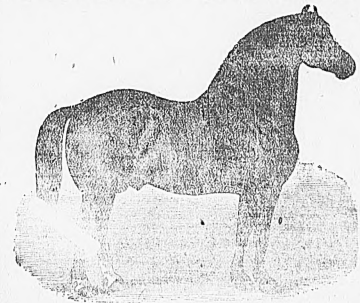
Barb Wire will arrive about 25th of April!

China Lac — A good
varnish stain in eight
colors. \$1.50 per quart.



Ross M. Snyder & Co.
HARDWARE MERCHANTS

HORSES WANTED



I will be at the Stock Yards, Wetaskiwin, on
FRIDAY, APRIL 27th

To buy Horses, weighing from 1400 lbs up, and from 5 to 9 years old. Horses must be sound and well broken, and in good condition.
W. K. HARKNESS EDMONTON

Look at Your Label

The Times wishes to draw the attention of subscribers to the label on their paper.

By examining this label you will find your name on one side and on the other the month and year when your subscription is payable again. This means that you can tell at a glance whether, in order to keep your paper paid up in advance—which saves you Fifty Cents per year—you will need to send The Times \$2.00. We do not wish to strike anyone off the list. If you are struck off it will be your fault, not ours.

Examine your label on this paper now and see if you are in arrears on your subscription!

Wanted

Have Clients willing to purchase farms in Wetaskiwin District.

Quick Sale if Satisfactory.
Send full particulars to
A. J. SCOTT
Alexandra Hotel, Calgary

Five Cars of Feed

The shortage of feed in the district has compelled us to secure another supply and we have contracted for five cars of Green Feed to be delivered within the next ten days. Some of these cars will be baled, the rest will be in bundles.

This feed is about one half ripe and one half green, and will make excellent feed for both the horses and cattle.

We will have a supply of Choice No. 2 C.W. Oats stored in town in the next two weeks and these will be suitable for both seed and feed.

The U.F.A. Store

(THE WETASKIWIN U.F.A. CO-OPERATIVE ASSOCIATION, LTD.)
Phone 32. Railway St. East. Wetaskiwin